

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1909.

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WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 19, 1909.

WHOLE NUMBER 13,156.

RESENTED ACTION OF COMMISSION

Convention of Railroad Commissioners Reaches a Climax.

WOULD NOT APPROVE BILL

Against the Desires of Inter-State Commerce Commission—South Carolina Commissioners En-Storm of Protest.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The feeling of resentment on the part of some State Railroad Commissioners against what they term the wish of the Inter-State Commerce Commission to "hog" all the supervision over railroads, reached a climax at the convention of the National Association of Railway Commissioners today, when the convention was asked to approve the Esch bill of the last Congress to empower the Inter-State Commission to investigate all accidents on railroads engaged in inter-State commerce.

Commissioner Earle, of South Carolina, led in the denunciation of the bill.

The discussion finally resulted in Commissioner Clark, of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and Commissioner Burr, of Florida, offering a suggestion that the bill be approved if amended so as to specify it was in no way to interfere with the right of the State. This course was pursued.

Scarcely had Secretary Moseley of the Inter-State Commerce Commission finished the report of a special committee, recommending the approval of the Esch bill, before Commissioner Smith, of South Dakota, was objecting that it would interfere with the right of the state to investigate.

Mr. Moseley said he was amazed to hear such a statement.

But it was not until Commissioner Earle obtained the floor that the situation became delicate.

"We have heard you ask for uniform classification, uniform demurrage, uniform this and uniform that," said Mr. Earle, shaking his finger at Mr. Moseley. "We are getting tired of it. Are you going to take everything? I'll tell you right now I, as a railroad commissioner of South Carolina, am not going to adopt your uniform demurrage code."

Mr. Earle continued that if the Federal inspectors should come to some wreck in South Carolina, claiming precedence on his inspectors, there would be a fight.

"It wouldn't be so bad," he added, "if you had competent men, but you send out inefficient, political appointees that try to lord it over us with the badge of Federal inspectors."

Mr. Moseley explained that as present railroads are required to report in wrecks and it was desired to have these reports more accurate and more in detail with a view of preventing the railroads from "lying" about them as had been claimed they sometimes do.

Cost of accounting must be applied to railroad accounts if supervision of rates by public officers is to be intelligent and fair. This was the position taken today by Associate Justice O'Brien, of the Supreme Court of Minnesota, in addressing the convention on the subject of apportionment as between State and inter-State traffic of a railway valuation made for rate making for regulation purposes.

During the day the committee on legislation recommended among other things the enactment of a law requiring railroad security holders to exhaust all their rights in State courts before going into the Federal courts.

GOVERNMENT BRINGS SUIT.

To Recover \$81,000 From T. M. Anglo and Bonding Company.

Danville, Va., Nov. 18.—The collection of the Government of \$81,000 as assessments made by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue against T. M. Anglo, former president of the Dry Fork Distilling Company, for excess production of whiskey on which it is alleged the tax had not been paid, and to recover bonds of \$5,500 from the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, of Baltimore, is the object of a civil suit begun in the Federal courts here today. The distillery which was seized over two years ago for alleged irregularities was bonded with the Baltimore company. Anglo was convicted two years ago on a criminal prosecution for violations of the revenue laws and sentenced to four years in prison and fined \$15,000.

ASHEVILLE PLANTS BURNED.

Skyland Hosiery Mills Destroyed—100 Thrown Out of Work.
Asheville, N. C., Nov. 18.—One hundred persons were thrown out of employment when the finishing plant of the Skyland Hosiery Mills, at Flat Rock, 20 miles from here, was destroyed by fire early today. The loss is estimated at \$75,000. The knitting plant was saved.

BODIES LOCATED IN MINE

Rescuers Reached Depths of Second Gallery for First Time Since Mine Disaster—People Are Frantic—Searchers.

Cherry, Ill., Nov. 18.—For the first time since the mine horror of Saturday bodies of some of the 300 victims were located today by daring explorers in the depths of the second gallery.

Twenty bodies were found within 70 feet of the ventilating shaft. One of them, unrecognizable, was brought to the surface and after considerable delay was taken to the town hall to await identification. The temper of the people was feared and an attempt to keep secret the finding of the bodies was made. Those in authority bound themselves to maintain secrecy.

That more than one victim had been discovered was not generally known at nightfall and a plan was afoot to attempt the removal of the other bodies late at night.

The one brought to the surface was concealed for an hour at the top of the pit before being turned over to the undertaker and then only because the discovery had become known.

Of the horrors which they encountered in the mine gallery none of the explorers would speak, but their faces were pale and their hands trembled when they emerged. This much was learned—the bodies were scorched and swollen. Death might have been due either to gas or flame.

After the removal of the body the experts held a short conference and upon the conditions reported it was determined to break the seal of the mine shaft at once. A force of laborers was ordered to the work and by 5 o'clock the unsealed shaft was belching out gases and smoke. Preparations were made at once to reduce the temperature in the shaft.

A substitute fan, placed at the mine beside the old one near the air shaft was started, its direction being reversed so as to pull the smoke toward the ventilator. As soon as possible the helmet-armed mine experts descended in the shaft with leads of hose prepared to fight the burning coal in the second gallery. If the effort is successful, firemen without helmets will be sent down the shaft to put out the fire when they can do it with safety.

News of the recovery of the first body spread rapidly through the village and as the ambulance, flanked by soldiers, passed through the streets women rushing out of their homes pushed frantically through the crowds in a vain attempt to look into the wagon. Rumor was that the body was that of a boy. Mothers who lost their sons in the mine pushed forward and were told that the body was that of a man.

Immediately a score of women who had lost their husbands passed toward the wagon. State's Attorney Eckhart gently told them that identification would require some time and the crowd thinned away from the wagon, but until late at night the little brick morgue was surrounded by anxious inquirers.

NEW A. C. L. DISTRICT.

Richmond to Florence Line Again Divided at Rocky Mount.

Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 18.—More officials to this city, and necessarily an increase in the payroll of the company, result from a change ordered today by the management of the Atlantic Coast Line. The officials of the company have recently decided, and the same was ordered today, to split the present Richmond district, which extends from Richmond, Va., to Florence, S. C., and to reestablish the Fayetteville district to extend from Rocky Mount to Florence. The headquarters of the new officials will be in the offices over the passenger depot in this city, room having been made there by the removal of the Superintendent of Construction to another building.

Mr. C. L. Porter, who has in the past been trainmaster at Florence, S. C., will be promoted to the office of Assistant Superintendent and he will be in charge of this new district. He will report to the Superintendent of Transportation and the General Superintendent as is done by the superintendents of other districts. This change will necessitate the moving of Mr. Porter and his clerks to this city and with their transfer here it will mean an increase in the payroll of somewhere in the neighborhood of \$1,000 a month.

Mr. H. E. Bruffey, of this city, will remain as trainmaster and Mr. E. S. Dodge as chief dispatcher of the new district. There will be no change in the management of South Rocky Mount terminals, as the general yard master will continue to report direct to the Superintendent of Transportation.

HELD FOR GUILFORD MURDER.

Dan Coble and Horam Elliott Sent Over to Higher Court.
Greensboro, N. C., Nov. 18.—Justice Collins this afternoon, after a preliminary hearing lasting nearly two days, ordered Dan Coble and Horam Elliott, held for the next criminal term of the Superior Court, to answer to the charge of the murder of Simpson Coble, the son and brother-in-law of the defendant.

LOEB DISMISSES SIX SUSPECTS

Action of Customs Official Caused by Sugar Fraud Exposures.

APPOINTS A COMMISSION

Will Make New York Custom House Model for Country—Government Continues to Obtain Evidence—Losses.

New York, Nov. 18.—The expected shake-up in the New York customs house, as a result of the sugar frauds exposures and agitation, began today with the abrupt dismissal of six suspected employees by Collector Loeb.

At the same time came the announcement that a house cleaning commission of eight customs experts—whose integrity is unquestioned—has been appointed by Mr. Loeb to take up at once the work of "making the New York custom house a model for the entire country."

These eight men known as the "collector's advisory commission," held their first session in the customs house this afternoon. The meeting lasted until late in the evening, but nothing was given out as to the business which occupied their attention.

The collector was asked if the 22 weighers whose names he has submitted to the United States Civil Service Commission as "undesirables" had been indicted by the Federal grand jury for complicity in the sugar frauds but he declined to either confirm or deny the report.

Mr. Loeb refused to discuss the charge of a former special deputy that the government had been defrauded out of duties aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 through the underweighing of items admitted into this port since 1898 and 1904.

That the first information of frauds against the government in connection with sugar importations was brought to the Treasury Department as far back as 1898, was declared today by William Theobald, a former confidential agent of the Treasury Department.

Mr. Theobald said that he was assigned to make an investigation on the sugar refinery docks in Brooklyn at that time, but was "called off" after three days' work, and the investigation was not continued.

Although the names of the six men dismissed today were not given out, Mr. Loeb said that all of them were customs inspectors. Four were formerly assistant weighers on the sugar docks and are now under charges which are being investigated by Henry L. Stimson, special counsel for the government in the sugar investigations. The direct reason for the dismissal of the other two inspectors was said by Collector Loeb to be their acceptance recently of tips from steamship passengers.

According to report more than 50 other employees are also to be ousted by Collector Loeb within a few days.

The new commission, which is expected to devise a scheme of recognition for the customs administration at the port of New York is headed by John C. Williams, deputy collector, and Mark P. Andrews, a member of Mr. Loeb's personal board of legal counsel. The other members represent all the important departments of the customs service.

They are John J. Raszkiewicz, deputy surveyor; William Sprague, deputy collector; George J. Synthe, member of the United States Civil Service Board; Matthew M. Conney, deputy surveyor, and John C. Nathorn, and Stephen W. S. Tennent, deputy appraisers.

The former treasury agent said that the sugar frauds were a small item in the amount of money the government lost annually from under valuations of merchandise which would reach \$20,000,000.

Government's Evidence.
Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 18.—George F. Cross, in charge of the New York district for the Treasury Department, at the time the Williamsburg Sugar cases were investigated, and who is now in charge of the Buffalo district, said today that the government has much evidence in the criminal cases now pending, of which the public knows nothing.

Mr. Cross said the Williamsburg cases had been referred to him with instructions to make thorough investigation.

The making of the photographs of the weighing machines with the spring attachments," said Mr. Cross, "was in line with our determination to conduct an investigation that would be productive of conclusive evidence. Richard Parr's work made it so. He is an efficient official and true to the government."

"Owing to the criminal cases now pending I cannot discuss all the evidence secured by Parr or by the government. The evidence so far as it has been given to the public, is in the main, correct."

Daniel Trigg, of Abingdon, Va., one of the most prominent lawyers in the State, died at a sanitarium in Richmond yesterday after a long illness.

WESTERN N. C. CONFERENCE

Sessions at Hickory Yesterday With Particular Interest—Visits of Connectionals Again Advertised To—Programme.

Hickory, N. C., Nov. 18.—The second day of the sessions of the Western North Carolina Conference was taken up with routine business, largely and nothing out of the usual order occurred. A class of eight young men was recommended for deacon's orders and a class of the same number for elder's orders. No local elders were recommended and only two local deacons. A class of seven was advanced from the class of the first to that of the second year.

Rev. Gross Alexander, book editor of the Church and editor of the Quarterly Review, addressed the conference in the interest of this magazine, which is the leading publication of the church and which is now on a paying basis and brings in revenue to the publishing house. He said he rather agreed with the member of this conference in intimating the visits of connectionals men at annual conferences as a nuisance. Speaking further he said he had no personal interest to advance in his visit but only the interest of the church. Bishop Atkins at this point remarked: "So you see, brethren, it is with connectionals as it is with others; it makes a difference who it is."

The election of the six clerical and six lay delegates from this conference to the General Conference which will be held in Asheville next year will take place tomorrow morning, 10:30 being fixed at the order of the day for that purpose. Before that hour Bishop Atkins will receive a class of young men into full connection in the conference.

The committee of investigation in the case of Rev. C. F. Sherrill did not report today and it is not yet known whether a trial will be found necessary.

The trustees of the several colleges of the conference and of the children's home for conference orphans, submitted encouraging reports. A mass meeting in the interest of the Epworth League was held this afternoon and Rev. S. A. Steele delivered another splendid address.

The anniversary meeting of the Board of Education was held this evening and Rev. J. C. Kilgo was the speaker.

There has been much comment among preachers and laymen today as to the discussion which enlivened the sessions of yesterday morning, and it seems to be regarded as fortunate rather than otherwise.

The election of delegates promises to be a lively period in the conference owing to the difference of opinion as to who shall be the delegates. The laymen of the conference will hold a mass meeting tomorrow afternoon and another on Saturday afternoon and a banquet will follow the latter meeting.

CARNEGIE ON AVIATION.
"I Shant Go Up Until I Have Wings"—Spoke Optimistically.
New York, Nov. 18.—"No," said Andrew Carnegie when asked for an opinion on the future of aviation, "I shant go up until I have wings. I have no ambition to try it in any other way."

Mr. Carnegie sailed today on the steamer Jefferson for Norfolk, Va., to join President Taft on the Mayflower for the trip to Hampton, Va., where both are to deliver addresses before the Normal and Agricultural Institute on Saturday.

"As for business," he continued optimistically, "our troubles are over. Good times are here for a long stay."

Mr. Carnegie was pleased at the popular interest taken in the movement for deeper waterways and thought the Ohio river merited special attention. The Panama canal he intimated as "a monument to American endeavor."

OUTLINES.
President Taft will address the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention today at Norfolk. Resolutions were passed yesterday favoring a number of waterways projects—it is reported that the portion of Nicaragua in the hands of the Government troops is under a reign of terror and that 500 revolutionary sympathizers have been shot, including two Americans. President Taft has dispatched ships to that country to look into the situation—Collector Loeb of the port of New York yesterday dismissed six employees suspected of connection with the sugar frauds and appointed a house cleaning commission—Bodies were recovered from the St. Paul mine at Cherry, Ill., yesterday; rescuers have reached the depth of the second gallery for the first time since the disaster—The National Railway Commissioner yesterday expressed resentment at the bill which the Interstate Railroad Commission asked them to approve.

New York markets: Money on call firm 4 1/2 to 5 per cent, ruling rate 4 3/4, closing bid 4 7/8, offered at 5; flour steady with a quiet trade; wheat spot regular, No. 2 red 125 nominal domestic elevator, No. 2 red 124 1/2 nominal, No. 2 red, soft; corn spot steady, No. 2 72, elevator domestic, 73 delivered, and 73 1/2 c. b. soft; oats quiet mixed 26 to 32 pounds nominal; rye steady, turpentine steady 59.

REIGN OF TERROR IN NICARAGUA

Five Hundred Rebel Suspects Reported Shot by Zelaya Troops.

AMERICAN SHIPS TO SCENE

Report That Two Americans Have Been Executed Prompts President to Act—Refuses Nicaraguan Minister.

New Orleans, Nov. 18.—A cable from Panama says: Passengers arriving from Nicaragua today report that a reign of terror exists throughout the portion of that country controlled by President Zelaya. Government troops are rounding up every person suspected of sympathy with the revolutionists and executing them without trial.

More than 500 men suspected of revolutionary sympathies have been summarily shot and still the bloody work continues. Residences are ransacked by Zelaya's soldiers in search of incriminating letters or evidence and when resistance is offered the houses are destroyed. Women relatives of revolutionary sympathizers have been subjected to the most horrible indignities and outrages.

Nicaraguan refugees arriving on the isthmus and in Costa Rica declare it is time for the civilized powers to forcibly intervene. That official was promptly informed.

At the Nicaraguan legation it was stated that no news of the execution of the two Americans had been received. Nothing is known as the State Department of the antecedents of Leonard Grace, who is reported to have been shot by order of President Zelaya, but the other American, Leroy Cannon, seems to have had an unusual career in Central America. Some years ago he went to Central America and since then his name has figured prominently in revolutions in those countries. During his career he has been arrested a number of times and on several occasions has narrowly escaped a death sentence, it is alleged.

The action of this Government in sending the two warships into Nicaraguan territory is not to be regarded as a warlike demonstration against that country. These vessels will report developments in Nicaragua as promptly as possible and will not assume a belligerent attitude, except in case of extreme need.

The State Department has already taken steps to ascertain all of the material facts connected with the capture and supposed execution of Cannon and Grace, and when this information is received the Government will take such action as the case may warrant and put an end to such barbarities and atrocities.

Action of State Department.
Washington, Nov. 18.—Announcement that this Government is tired of the high handed actions of the small Central American republics practically was contained in a dispatch sent late today to the Bluefields Steamship Company which sought the protection of the State Department from interference by the insurgents now operating against President Zelaya. An hour later a peremptory note couched in diplomatic language, but none the less direct, was delivered to Senator Felipe Rodriguez, charge d'affaires of the Nicaraguan legation, demanding a full and complete explanation of the execution of the two Americans Leonard Grace and Leroy Cannon, who were executed by order of Zelaya when they were found in the insurgent army.

Pending a satisfactory explanation of the occurrence, President Taft has refused to recognize Isidoro Ibarra, the new Nicaraguan minister. Mr. Taft is thoroughly aroused by the actions of the Zelayan government and apparently is determined to make the lives of United States citizens much safer and considerably more respected in Central America than they have been hitherto.

The attitude of the Government was clearly shown late today when the Bluefields Steamship Company the headquarters of which is in New Orleans, the company's regular steamer was about to set sail for Bluefields Nicaragua with a miscellaneous cargo, counted in which were a number of rifles and other munitions of war. The corporation was warned by agents of the Nicaraguan insurrectionary forces that the vessel would be liable to seizure and the steamship people promptly called on the State Department to declare the protection this Government would give in such a case.

The State Department promptly replied. The answer was the result of a conference between the President and the Secretary of State and carried full weight. It gave the steamship concern no encouragement and practically recognized the revolution force operating against Zelayan administration, a proceeding for which there is no parallel in the records of this government. The dispatch directed to the Secretary of State and signed "Knox, Secretary of State" read: "If the an-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

COLORED METHODISTS MEET

Annual Conference Convened in Goldsboro—Season of Deep Spirituality—Formalities of Opening. Reports Show Progress.

(Special Star Correspondence.)
Goldsboro, N. C., Nov. 18.—The North Carolina Conference of the A. M. E. church met in its 41st session in St. John's Church with Bishop L. J. Coppin, D. D., of Philadelphia, presiding. His exegesis on the 9th chapter of St. Mark was heartily received by the conference and was a source of much inspiration and comfort.

Rev. C. A. Stroud was elected secretary; Revs. J. A. Smith and E. R. Williams, assistants. Committees were appointed and the conference got down to routine work. St. Stephens Church began the reporting with \$551.45 money. When the hour of adjournment arrived \$2,577.80 had been reported. Some of the leading spirits of the conference are Drs. A. Stroud, J. W. Telfair, W. H. Capehart, R. R. Nicholas, E. Hurst, J. Y. Williamson, E. R. Williams, J. A. Smith. The leading laymen are Thos. H. Hooper and P. A. Richardson.

Perfect harmony prevails and a profitable session is anticipated. The afternoon was given to literary committee work. There seems to be a spirit in the conference to compel the applicants to meet the rigid requirements of the book of discipline before they can be admitted or passed to higher grades.

At the evening service the wife of the pastor welcomed the conference in behalf of the church in very choice words, not forgetting to add the proverbial "Thrice welcome."

Rev. Davenport welcomed the conference in behalf of the various denominations of the city, paying a glowing tribute to the educational spirit of the church. Ex-Mayor Hood, representing the city, delivered the welcome in behalf of the city, emphasizing the spiritual as the ideal principle in the good and the great. He seemed not to have miscalculated or misjudged his audience when he seized the spiritual point as the climax of his discourse. It was heartily received.

Prof. Jno. R. Hawkins responded as only a Prof. Hawkins could, saying the white man was not bad at heart, the trouble was the white man did not understand the negro. These preachers are preaching a gospel of faithfulness to duty and right living.

Rev. E. T. Bailey preached the annual sermon in a large congregation using as a text Isaiah 54:17. The speaker was particularly eloquent on this annual occasion that means so much to the conference.

Drs. K. C. Holt, J. W. Walker, C. H. King, J. E. Jackson, are visiting the conference. The sessions will continue through the day.

The missionary anniversary occurred tonight at the evening session, Rev. J. G. Lewis read a very interesting report on missions. Dr. W. W. Beckett, of New York, secretary of missions of the A. M. E. Church, was the principal speaker. Rev. J. W. Walker, O. E., of the Raleigh district, spoke earnestly and powerfully of the mission work in West and South Africa. It was a very popular effort. Mrs. Mary Willie read a most interesting talk from the ladies' text toward missionary work. G. D. C.

EXPRESS COMPANY'S INCREASE.

Wells Fargo & Co. Have Capital Stock of \$24,000,000.
New York, Nov. 18.—Wells Fargo & Co. today announced an increase in the capital stock of the company from \$8,000,000 to \$24,000,000. The new issue of \$16,000,000 is to be offered to stockholders, to whom a stock dividend of \$500 per share is to be declared. This action was taken at a special meeting of the directors of the express company here today and is subject to the approval of the stockholders at a meeting to be held on December 22nd next.

The dividend of \$300 per share is to be paid out of the accumulated surplus earnings of the company. The new stock will be offered to holders of the old stock at par, in the proportions of two shares of new stock for one old.

The divisions of the company's surplus which will result from today's action of the directors, if approved by the stockholders, will take its place among the richest distributions of profits by a large corporation in the history of American financial operations. Worked out, the dividend plan gives each stockholder funds for the purchase of two shares of the new stock at par and \$100 in cash.

FATAL SEABOARD WRECK.

Fireman and Tramp Killed—Occurred Near Denmark, S. C.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 18.—Two persons were killed and three others injured when the Florida fast mail train of the Seaboard Air Line was wrecked two miles south of Denmark, S. C., about 2 o'clock this morning. The train was thrown from the track by the removal of a rail while running at the rate of 45 miles an hour. The dead are a colored fireman, who was caught under the overturned engine and a tramp who was stealing a ride. The engineer and two of the passengers were injured, but not seriously.

Every effort is being made to capture the alleged wreckers. Another train on the same road was derailed by wreckers at almost the same place several months ago.

APPEAL IN BEHALF OF WATERWAYS

Want Congress to Prevent Railroads From Owning Water Routes.

FEATURE DAY OF MEETING

Recommended Continuance of Norfolk Beaufort Link—Rear Admiral Sperry Delivers Strong Address—Projects.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 18.—Resolutions urging the enactment by Congress of such legislation as will prevent ownership or control by railroads engaged in inter-State commerce, of coastwise shipping on competing water routes, recommending the immediate purchase and enlargement of the Delaware and Chesapeake canal and an appropriation necessary for continuance and completion of the Norfolk-Beaufort link, the second annual convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association adjourned after selecting officers this afternoon.

The resolutions also proclaim the friendly attitude of the association toward other desirable and practicable waterway projects throughout the country, which it pledges itself to support.

They also set forth justification for a continuance of the proposed Atlantic inland waterways north from New York to Boston, the improvement of the Hudson river as far as Troy and its connection with Long Island sound through the Harlem river and ship canal.

Providence, R. I., was selected as the next place of meeting. The reelection of Hon. J. Hampton Moore, of Pennsylvania, to the presidency of the association aroused a storm of enthusiasm, applause and cheers, which amounted to an ovation. The enthusiasm waned only long enough for Mr. Moore to thank the convention for the honor, which he said he accepted with full knowledge of the responsibilities, when it broke out afresh.

The reelection of Addison B. Burk, of Philadelphia, as secretary and treasurer, met with equal enthusiasm and approval.

The most important speeches were made, and the most important business transacted at today's sessions. Notable among the addresses was that of Admiral C. S. Sperry, U. S. N., who advocated the fortification of the entrance to Chesapeake Bay, calling attention to the indefensible condition of this marine gateway to the Nation's seat of government and other important cities.

Another highly important address was made by Congressman John H. Small, of North Carolina, who emphasized the importance of preventing ownership or control of waterways by competing railroads, the continuance of work on the Norfolk-Beaufort route, and the opening up of the Delaware and Chesapeake canal.

The latter project was also advocated by the former Senator Anthony Higgins, of Delaware, and August Belmont, of New York, spoke of the Cape Cod canal. Other speakers were Col. Pleasant A. Stovall, of Savannah, Ga.; Governor A. J. Fother, of Rhode Island, and George E. Bayard, president of the Bourse of Philadelphia.

Prof. Willis L. Moore, Chief of the U. S. Weather Bureau, was to have spoken, but was not present. He will arrive here tomorrow morning to participate in the ceremonies incident to the visit of President Taft.

In response to an appeal by Fred T. Donnelly, of New Jersey, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, delegates pledged \$55 new members, which will provide the treasury with \$4,275, nearly twice the amount asked for to meet the expenses of the convention for the coming year.

Railway ownership of competing steamship lines, the purchase by the government of the Chesapeake and Delaware river canal, and the continuation of the Beaufort canal, were included in resolutions as finally adopted in committee at the convention today. The merchant marine and ship subsidy were matters ignored in the resolutions.

Much prominence having been given to the lack of favorable committee action on resolutions offered late yesterday by Bernard N. Baker, of Baltimore, urging Congress to enact laws for the upbuilding of the American merchant marine and to prohibit the ownership of coastwise shipping by competing railroads, President Moore made an address today in which he said the objects of the Association were specifically for deeper coast waterways and not to promote either ship subsidy, the preservation of the forests or the prevention of tuberculosis, that while the association feels kindly disposed to all the great movements for National betterment, failure by the convention's committee to take up outside matters must be received in the proper spirit.

Rear Admiral Sperry, U. S. N., retired, addressing the association on the "Naval View of Inland Waterways at Home and Abroad," called attention to the demand of an inland water route from New England to Florida,

especially for torpedo boats, destroyers and submarines with ample bonds for destroyers 225 feet in length.

This, together with the adequate fortification of the Cape of Virginia, he declared, would be absolutely essential for the effective protection of the Atlantic coast in the event of war.

In discussing internal coastal waterways as a line of defense and as a secure passage for coastwise traffic in time of war, Admiral Sperry said that in the present undefended state of entrance to Chesapeake Bay this line of waterways could be cut in two and absolutely blocked by an enemy.

Admiral Sperry, calling attention to the report of the "Taft National Coast Defense Board," which in 1906 recommended the fortification of the Virginia capes, said:

"The guns at Hampton Roads afford no protection as an enemy in Lynn Haven Bay could land there or at any other point as the British did when they burned the public buildings in Washington in the war of 1812."

Speaking of the commercial needs of the proposed coastal waterways, Admiral Sperry said: "It seems apparent that a point has been reached where ample water transportation will not only add to the material prosperity but will also promote that of the railroads themselves."

Other addresses of the convention at the morning session today were by former Senator Higgins of Delaware, on "The Inland Route South to Norfolk;" August Belmont, president of the Cape Cod Construction Company, on "Opening of Cape Cod;" and Representative John H. Small, of North Carolina, on "The Cat at Beaufort."

Senator Higgins called attention to the urgent need of an adequate canal connection between the Delaware and Chesapeake bays. Speaking of President Taft's advocacy of an appropriation of \$500,000,000 for waterways improvement by comprehensive plans, each project to stand on its own merit, Senator Higgins said: "On the one hand we distinctly disclaim standing in the way of any waterway improvement of the country west of us. On the other hand, we are perfectly willing for each link in our chain of coastal projects to be judged by Congress on its own merits."

Mr. Belmont spoke of the economic and national effect of the annexation of the Cape Cod canal.

"Unless something extraordinary happens the Cape Cod canal will be completed three years from next Spring," said Mr. Belmont.

A NOTABLE GATHERING.

Senator Aldrich Guest of Honor—Ambassador Bryce Responds.

New York, Nov. 18.—Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, just back from his western trip, was the guest of honor tonight at the 141st annual dinner of the New York Chamber of Commerce in the Waldorf Astoria. Senator Aldrich was in distinguished company. At the speaker's table with him sat James Bryce, the British ambassador; Count Johann Nelrich von Bernstorff, the German ambassador; United States Senator Root and Dewey, Postmaster General Hitchcock; Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel; former Secretary of the Treasury George B. Cortelyou; Major General Leonard Wood; J. P. Morgan; General Horace Porter, and General Stewart L. Woodford.

Senator Aldrich responding to the toast: "The Congress of the United States," said in part: "I should like to impress upon the business men of the country the fact that they must share in the responsibility for wise Congressional legislation. No class of men is so influential in the creation of public opinion and in our country the character of legislation must be based upon intelligent public opinion. I will mention briefly some of these questions. First, there is a necessity for a reform in the character and extent of the National expenditures. A recent expert examination indicates that a savings of from ten to twenty per cent. of national expenses can be made and at the same time greater efficiency secured by an application of business methods to government work."

Ambassador Bryce in response to a toast to his majesty King Edward said: "The United States has no warmer friend than Edward VII, and he represents the feeling of his people. Talk of war among the nations is foolishness. The nations are all finding out that their prosperity is interdependent."

Count Von Bernstorff also ridiculed the idea of war. "International commerce," he said, "is the strongest source making for peace in the world today."

CHRISTIAN CONFERENCE

Second Day of State Convention at Wilson—The Programme.

Wilson, N. C., Nov. 18.—The second day's proceedings of the State Convention of the Christian Church was opened with prayer, a song service and a devotional service by Rev. J. A. Saunders, after which reports of union districts by the president and secretary of each were heard. At 11:30 there was an address by F. M. Raines. The afternoon was an evangelistic session with a song service and devotion by Rev. D. W. Arnold, of Greenville. "Evangelization of the Larger Towns and Cities" was the subject of a striking address by Rev. J. A. Erwin at 2:45 o'clock, while the evangelization of the rural districts was treated by Rev. C. H. Bowen, the session concluding with reports of committees and announcements.

The evening session was at the Atlantic Christian College where a grand recital was given at 7:30 o'clock under the direction of Prof. Albert Muller, director of the department of music.

Tomorrow will be Bible School day and the entire time will be given to that work. Every phase will be considered; how to organize a school, how to properly conduct it; what teacher training means the adult class, etc. This session will be conducted by Mr. Marion Stevenson, who is one of the greatest Bible workers in the United States and his address and conferences will be of supreme importance.

The Navy will not be represented in the inter-collegiate boat races on the Hudson next year if the recommendation of the executive committee of the Navy Athletic Association to Superintendent Bowyer, of the Naval Academy, is approved as it is confidently expected it will be.

For Health

Women Everywhere

Are you one of the many women who suffer from some of those ailments which are caused by female trouble? If you are, you want to get well, don't you? You wish to get rid of the pain and the misery so you may enjoy good health and be happy.

Thousands of other ladies, suffering as you suffer, feeling as you feel, have successfully used that well-known medicine for women, **Cardui**. They all say Cardui is just what they needed to relieve pain and bring back health. Why not try Cardui yourself?

Prepared from pure vegetable ingredients, it cannot possibly hurt you. On the other hand, it is almost sure to help you, judging by its success of more than half a century.

Note this letter from Miss Boyd Richardson, Danish, N. C. She writes: "I was sick in bed and could not stand on my feet more than just a little while at a time. After taking three doses of Cardui, I began to mend. After I had used it for a week I was walking about. I believe it is a wonderful medicine." Don't wait—try Cardui and get well.



Take CARDUI

G 228

RICHARD GILDER PASSES.

Author and Editor of Century Magazine Died Last Night.

New York, Nov. 18.—Richard Watson Gilder, editor-in-chief of the Century Magazine since its foundation in 1881, and widely known as an author and lecturer, died unexpectedly at the house of his sister, Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer, of engine pectoria.

Mr. Gilder was taken ill during the delivery of a lecture on Tennyson before the Y. M. C. A. of Orange, N. J., on Wednesday night, November 2nd. He suffered considerable pain, but managed to finish his lecture. On the way home he collapsed in a Jersey City ferry boat, but managed first to summon assistance from New York by telephone. The illness was first diagnosed as indigestion and nothing serious was expected. Mr. Gilder was up and about the following day though he still suffered occasional twinges of sharp pain. His physician, on second diagnosis, realized the nature of his malady, but they did not acquaint Mr. Gilder with the truth. This morning Mr. Gilder was resting easily and no fears were felt. Shortly after 1 o'clock he grew worse and it was realized he had only a few hours to live. He suffered great pain and opiates were administered freely to ease his distress. When the end came at 6 o'clock he was no longer conscious.

Richard Watson Gilder, like many who have risen to place in letters, early showed his bent of mind. Born at Bordentown, N. J., in 1844, one of eight children, he was writing, setting the type for, and publishing the St. Thomas Register at Flushing, L. I., when he was 12 years old. Four years later he united with two young colleagues in the production of a campaign newspaper supporting Bell and Evans for Presidential honor. His interests in politics carried him into the great civil struggle then raging and while still in his teens, he enlisted with Landis' Philadelphia battery and served during the campaign of '63 when Pennsylvania was invaded by the Confederate forces. After several ventures he became at the age of 26 managing editor of Scribner's, which position he held eleven years. When in 1881 the magazine underwent a reorganization and change of ownership, Mr. Gilder became editor-in-chief of the Century Magazine, a position he held until his death.

ELLIOTT WILL NOT HANG.

Sentence of LaGrange Physician Commuted to Life Imprisonment.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 18.—Governor Brown tonight commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of Dr. J. M. Elliott, of LaGrange, who was to be hanged tomorrow for the murder of G. L. Rivers in September 1908.

Thus is terminated one of the most noted murder trials in the history of this State. Three a date of execution of Elliott has been set, on two occasions brief respites by the Governor saving him from the hangman's noose. Two weeks ago Elliott swallowed a large dose of bi-chloride of mercury in the county jail at LaGrange and because of his critical condition the day following, Friday, Nov. 5th, Governor Brown granted him a reprieve for two weeks.

It was late tonight when Governor Brown announced his decision to commute Elliott's sentence and his reasons were not announced. It is believed, however, that the question of Elliott's sanity, stressed by his attorneys and friends had weight with the Governor.

Elliott killed Rivers while he and his family were guests at Rivers' hotel at LaGrange. Elliott shot the hotel man, it was said, in a jealous frenzy charging him with improprieties towards Mrs. Elliott. At the trial and later there developed nothing to bear out Elliott's delusion.

It is declared by many that he was addicted to the use of two deadly drugs for many years and while he was a resident of Macon he attempted to kill two men, one of whom was badly injured.

The sale of Burley tobacco on the Lynchburg market occurred yesterday when 200 pipes were sold at an average of nearly \$15 with a maximum price of \$24 per 100. These are trial crops and the experiment in the Lynchburg district appears to have been successful.

The Value of Proprietary Medicines is proven by the very large percentage of physicians' prescriptions for the same remedies found in every drug store in America, but as they are written in Latin, few patients realize this fact.

The old standard proprietary medicines like Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that have stood the test of time, deserve a place in every family medicine chest, and it is most certain they would not be prescribed by physicians if they were able to devise a formula equally as efficacious.

AGAINST MRS. STETSON.

Decision of Christian Science Directors—Former Leader.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 18.—An order of ex-communication against Mrs. Augusta F. Stetson, of New York, for years regarded as one of the most prominent and powerful members of the Christian Science denomination, was issued today by the board of directors of the Mother Church, of this city, the supreme governing authority of the organization. In their order the directors stated that a conference of more than three days had convinced them of the truth of the charges against Mrs. Stetson, namely, that she had worked against the interests of the church and of members of the church, who were not her followers, and that she had persisted in teachings and practices which are contrary to Christian Science.

Ex-communication is rarely resorted to in the Christian Science church, and in view of Mrs. Stetson's prominence, today's action was regarded in church circles here as the most drastic in the history of the denomination. Mrs. Stetson was formerly first reader of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of New York City, and until her suspension to lay was the pastor emerita of that church at a salary of \$5,000 a year.

In answer to a summons by the board of directors Mrs. Stetson on Monday appeared before the board in the directors' room at the Mother Church on Falmouth street. The session was secret, no one being present except Mrs. Stetson, her counsel, witnesses and the directors themselves. The conference continued during three days, or for a total of more than 28 hours. They were concluded yesterday and Mrs. Stetson returned to New York last night. The directors today made public their findings in the case.

New York, Nov. 18.—Mrs. Stetson received the news of her ex-communication this afternoon at her residence on West 96th street, adjoining the white stone temple of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of which she had been the virtual ruler for nearly ten years. Efforts to obtain from her some statement commenting on the action of the Christian Science directors were met by the declaration that "Nothing is to be said at present, but a detailed statement of Mrs. Stetson's side of the case may be submitted later."

COL. ASTOR PROBABLY SAFE

Ship Captain Reports Seeing the Yacht After Hurricane.

New York, Nov. 18.—Some assurance that Colonel John Jacob Astor's yacht Nourmahal, which has been missing in West Indian waters for ten days, safely outride the recent hurricane, was brought here today by Captain J. Durie, of the steamship Aneta, which arrived with fruit from Jamaican ports. Captain Durie learning on landing of the solitude felt for the Astor party reported that on Sunday, November 14th, he sighted a boat which he believed to be the Nourmahal, riding at anchor in the reef harbor of Hawks Nest, San Salvador, the island which Columbus made famous by his landing in 1492.

NO SEABOARD PRESIDENT.

Report A. J. Davidson Has Been Selected Is False.

New York, Nov. 18.—The committee appointed to name the officers of the newly re-organized Seaboard Air Line railway has made no appointments, and it was officially denied today that A. J. Davidson, former president of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, had been selected as head of the Seaboard. The committee stated that it would take its time in the selection of the road's officers.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by C. L. Dickinson and wife to the undersigned on the 8th of May, 1907, and duly registered on the records of New Hanover county in Book 54, Page 614, the undersigned will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Monday, the 20th of December, 1909, at twelve o'clock M., at the front door of the Court House in the City of Wilmington, N. C., to satisfy the debt secured by said mortgage, the following described property in the City of Wilmington, N. C., to-wit: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Market street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Fifteenth street; runs thence east with said line of Market street 66 feet; thence north parallel with Fifteenth street 330 feet to the southern line of Princess street; thence west with said line of Princess street 66 feet; thence south parallel with Fifteenth street 330 feet to the beginning, being parts of Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, Block 484. This 13th of November, 1909.

JOHN D. BELLAMY.

To the Public:

In purchasing Schlitz's products, please see that the bottles are corked and that the corks bear our signature, or the crowns our trade-mark, etc.

JOS. SCHLITZ BREWING COMPANY
Milwaukee, Wis.

A Giant in Fire Insurance

ITS NAME IS A SYNONYM OF STRENGTH

The LIVERPOOL and LONDON

and GLOBE INS. CO.

J. H. BOATWRIGHT & SON

Agents.

HUGH M. GRAE & CO.
BANKERS

Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks

WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 149 Broadway

Don't Wait!

But call Monday if in need of horses or mules and I will show you some that I am sure will please. All stock young and sound and guaranteed to be as representative purchasers transferred to and from my place.

CLARENCE W. MILLS

TO NORFOLK, VA., AND RETURN.

Via Atlantic Coast Line Thanksgiving Footing Game.

V. P. I. versus A. & M. College, November 25th. Round trip rate \$3.50. Tickets on sale November 24th and for trains arriving Norfolk before 2 P. M. November 25th. Return limit November 27th. For further information call on ticket agent, or phone No. 160.

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Cornelia Mallett, deceased, late of the county of New Hanover, this is to notify all persons having claims to exhibit them to the undersigned at 403 Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C., on or before the 12th day of November, 1910, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate settlement.

JOSEPH W. LITTLE, Public Administrator.

The cost of a Business Local is a small fee to pay for securing a good tenant.



A trained corsetiere from the designing rooms of the makers of Redfern Whalebone Corsets will be with us Monday, Nov. 15, and will remain all the week.

She comes expressly to discuss with our customers the newest Redfern models.

These models were designed by the Redfern designer in Paris in conjunction with the great dressmakers and are endorsed by them as the correct foundation for Fall models, which are the ideas used by all the dressmakers of our country.

Redfern models are the highest expression of corset art. In designing, making, boning and fitting they are easily foremost.

The boning is Arctic Whalebone. There is no better boning, or is there a boning that compared with Whalebone. Acknowledged by corsetiers and dressmakers as superior to all other boning.

C. H. FORE & CO.

The messages from the merchants are always interesting—and usually affect the "state of your purse."

BUSTER BROWN

BLUE
RIBBON
SHOES
FOR
BOYS
AND
GIRLS.



School Shoes for Boys and Girls

Try our Buster Brown Shoes. They look best and wear so much longer.

CLOTHING

A full and complete line for Fall. All the new shades and colors. A look at our line before you buy will be appreciated. Sole Agent Holeproof Sox and Stockings. Now is the time to lay in your Fall supply.

J. W. H. FUCHS
123 to 134 S. Front St.



WE like to start you with phenomenal values—more goodness in fabrics, more gracefulness in style lines, more adeptness in tailoring than you are accustomed to. That's how we always have and will continue to win our trade and hold it. We expect to win our trade and hold it. We expect to win your patronage by displaying to you one of these swaggers STEIN-BLOCH garments that have been so faithfully tailored as to represent the exact counterpart of a custom-made garment as produced by the high cost individual tailor. The Fall Models is of STEIN-BLOCH suits and overcoats are ready for your choosing;—you have but to call, state your wants, try on as many garments as your fancy dictates, and we assure you of the selection of either a suit or overcoat that will fit both your purse and your ideas. Come and visit us just as soon as you can;—our entire Fall Series of Models is ready for showing.

J. W. FLEET CO.

Phone 673.

10 W. Corner Front and Princess St.

A. D. BROWN

We Are Receiving Daily Something New in Our Ready-to-Wear Suit Department

While our line is not so extensive, but the most select to be seen here, consisting of English Worsteds, Broadcloth; Serges and Chefron.

Newest creations in Capes.

Ladies' Kid Gloves—Trefousse Dorithie's, in all shades; St. Marie's, La Savoie Piques and Cravinettes Walking Gloves.

A full line of Misses' Tampas Gloves.

no 14-ft.

ROOFING.
200,000 rived heart Shingles.
100,000 rived sap Shingles.
250,000 machine made Shingles.
Walrus Rubber Roofing.

LIME, CEMENT AND PLASTER.
Cagora White Lime.
King's Windsor Wall Plaster.
Atlas Portland Cement.
Asbestos and Fire Clay.

Red Brick, Fire Brick, Sewer Pipe, Chimney Pipe.

COAL.

WOOD.

Write, or call for prices.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

Phone 789.

Office, Foot Ann St.

no 12 ft.

SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES

FRENCH, SPANISH, GERMAN

Italian Language and Expression for Singers.

PROF. M. BIANCHI B.

Residence 218 South Third street

Wilmington, N. C.

Studio, Garrett Building

no 12 ft.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in the North Carolina Press.

Negro Preachers to Holy Land.

Charlotte News: A movement has been instituted by the local colored ministerial union to send two of the most popular colored ministers of the city to the Holy Land. The association has elected Rev. R. P. Wyche, D. D., pastor of the Seventh Street Presbyterian Church, and P. S. Lewis, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist Church as representatives for the first trip to be made next summer. Rev. C. O. Bullock, D. D., has been elected corresponding secretary of the association in connection with the movement. Rev. S. A. Downer, S. T. B., assistant secretary, and Rev. D. J. Flynn, treasurer.

Duke After Whitney Power.

Salisbury Post: J. B. Duke and associates were visitors at Whitney again yesterday and the rumor that the Southern Power Company, of which Mr. Duke is the real head, is to take over the great power plant at the Narrows is revived with more than a shadow of plausibility. Such a consolidation of the two greatest water powers in the South would be a combination of wealth and electrical power interests of national importance. Mr. Duke himself refused to discuss the suggested purchase. It is very certain, however, that the Whitney plant, with its more than \$5,000,000 already expended, will be sold as soon as Special Master Prince reports after his New York hearing to Judge Pritchard and that the visit of Mr. Duke and associates yesterday was out of something more than idle curiosity is not a matter for dispute. Mr. Duke's party came up to Salisbury from Whitney on the Yadkin train last night.

AUTO FOR COMMISSIONERS.

Mecklenburg County Farmers Beginning to "Feel Their Oats."

(Charlotte News.) A resolution was adopted at the meeting of the executive committee of the Mecklenburg Agricultural Conference yesterday recommending that the county purchase an automobile for the use of the commissioners and county engineer in going over the county for supervising road work, etc. Besides this the next meeting of the conference was discussed and a tentative programme arranged. Mr. B. T. Galloway, chief of the bureau of plant industry of the Department of Agriculture, suggested this early consideration of the matter in order that the best speakers obtainable might be secured for the meeting of the conference. The topics to be discussed will include banking and farm accounting, road construction and home improvement, horticulture, stock raising, etc. The conference meeting will cover two days, September 9th and 10th, 1910.

Following is the resolution adopted in regard to the purchase of an automobile for the county:

"Inasmuch as the great development now going on in the county, which is of interest to all of our citizens, necessitates close supervision of the county engineer and the chairman of the board of commissioners and the engineer are salaried officers, whose entire time belongs to the county and the great development service should be secured with them, the executive committee of the Mecklenburg Agricultural Conference would respectfully recommend to the board of county commissioners that an automobile for the use of the commissioners be provided by the county."

WANTED AT WALLACE.

But Officer Failed to Come For Man Arrested at Rocky Mount.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 18.—Upon a telegram sent from the chief of police at Wallace on Tuesday, Mr. Ernest Jackson, a young man and employee of the Rocky Mount Mills, was taken in charge by the police here. The message did not state upon what charge the young man was wanted and only asked that he be arrested and held until the arrival of an officer from Wallace. The young man learned that the officer had received the telegram and he went at once to look the officer up who put him under arrest. The officers at Wallace were notified, but they have never made any response nor sent any one for the young man. The police this morning released him from custody. He stated that he could think of no conceivable reason why he should have been placed under arrest, outside of the fact that he might have been considered a supposed incendiary as he was a visitor in the city when a fire of that nature occurred.

NORTH CAROLINA DAY.

Programme Announced for Dec. 17.—Observance to be General.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—The State Superintendent of Public Instruction has designated December 17th as "North Carolina Day" to be observed in the public schools the State over and admirably gotten up booklets containing a programme prepared by Mr. R. D. W. Connor, of the State Historical Commission, at the request of Supt. Joyner, are being mailed to county superintendents for the teachers in all parts of the State. Some of the features of this booklet are the following: Gaston's famous song, "The Old North State"; "The Land of the Sky"; "Histories and Names of the Sixteen Mountain Counties to Which the Day Will be Devoted"; "Cherokee Indians in the Revolution"; "The Kings Mountain Boys"; "Heroes of Kings Mountain, Shelby, Cleveland and Sevier"; "Hol For Carolina"; "David Lowrie Swain—A Declaration"; "The Western Carolina Railroad."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. POZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

RAT CUT OFF LIGHTS.

Entire Power Plant Shut Down at Rocky Mount by Rodent.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 18.—A great display of sparks, some little burning, and the necessary cutting off of the entire power for the city, and the stopping of the engines is another charge that can be laid at the door of that little animal so dreaded by women, namely, the rat. Last night about 1:30 the lights went off for possibly half an hour, and a huge rat was the cause of all of the trouble in that he got across a 2,300 volt switch at the power plant blowing the fuses on the arc lines and rendering the switchboard at the plant in a bad plight for several minutes, while the rat himself met death by electrocution.

ANOTHER SUICIDE.

White Woman in Asheville Shoots Herself With Shot Gun.

(Special to Charlotte Observer.) Asheville, Nov. 17.—A telephone message was received at the sheriff's office this afternoon at 2:26 o'clock stating that Mrs. Jim Stewart was found lying on the floor of her house in Fair View township this morning dead from a gunshot wound. A shot gun was also found in the room. The general opinion is that she committed suicide.

Mrs. Stewart was a Miss Searcy and the wife of Mr. Stewart who is employed at the Champion Fibre Company at Canton. She was 45 years of age, had a large family connection in this county and leaves five children.

SMALL WRECK ON YARD.

Turning of Switch Caused Derailment at Rocky Mount.

(Special Star Correspondence.) Rocky Mount, N. C., Nov. 18.—The turning of a switch before the entire train had passed across on the yard at South Rocky Mount at an early hour this morning derailed two box cars in such a manner that it was necessary to call the wrecking crew into action. The damage was small and no one was hurt.

AWAITS ACTION OF CHURCH.

Accused of "Mental Malpractice"—In Secret Conference.

Boston, Mass., Nov. 16.—For 20 hours yesterday and today, Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson, of New York, accused of "mental malpractice" was in secret conference with the board of directors of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in the inner council rooms of the Mother church. While the deliberations were secret, the result was apparent late tonight when Mrs. Stetson issued a statement in which she asserts that she bows to the judgments of the Mother church directors against her and furthermore that she will obey "my leader" by uniting with those who felt it was right to condemn me in their testimony.

Mrs. Stetson's statement follows:

"Our beloved leader, Mary Baker Eddy, has requested us all to unite with those in our church who are supporting the Mother church directors. Today I have received a copy of her letter addressed to the trustees of our church.

"For 25 years I have gladly obeyed her leading in every question. I have always found that by doing this I drew nearer to God. My students know that I have taught them to do likewise, without questioning her wisdom; therefore they do not now need any word from me in addition to what our beloved leader has said to guide them at this hour. They will know it is right for them to unite with those who support the Mother church directors in the judgment rendered against me. I, myself, have been obeying this judgment, and I shall continue to do so. I shall furthermore obey my leader by uniting with those who felt it was right to condemn me in their testimony. My leader's letter induces me to believe that I may have been wrong where I felt that I was absolutely right.

"For 25 years I have watched and prayed for guidance and strength in correcting every error revealed to me by God and by my leader, or by any of my brethren."

STORM STRUCK TURKS ISLAND.

British Schooner Was Wrecked—Result of the Storm.

Grand Turk, Turks Island, B. W. I., Nov. 16.—Turks Island suffered severely from the recent wind and rain storm. Though no lives were lost there was a great waste of salt, the salt ponds on both this island and on Salt Cay Island being inundated. On one day the rain fell well over an inch.

The British schooner Alexandria, which was also loading salt at East Harbor last Friday, is a total wreck. The crew barely escaped.

The British steamer Barton, which was also loading salt at East Harbor, escaped injury. She will sail for Havana and American ports on Thursday. No news has been received here from the Calcas Island since the storm.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE MEETING.

Address on Important Events of the Year—Delegates Present.

Cincinnati, Nov. 16.—With an attendance of delegates representing nearly all of the large cities of the country the second day of the session of the National Municipal League opened at the Sinton Hotel today. Clin- to Rogers Woodruff, of Philadelphia, delivered an address dealing with important municipal events of the year.

The police last night at Washington arrested Edna Carver, mother of the 12-year-old colored girl who was found dead with her head removed near the district line in Maryland last week. The police believe she is responsible for her daughter's death. Raymond Carver, father of the dead girl, is also under arrest as a witness. They claim to know nothing about the murder.

"BABY MINE"

this hour, dreaded as woman's severest trial, is not only made less painful, but danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, and the system is prepared for the coming event. "It is worth its weight in gold," say many who have used it.

50c per bottle. Book of value to all expectant mothers mailed free. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

GAYLORD'S

Great offerings in Comforts, Blankets and Bed Spreads will be the chief attraction at the Big Department Store this week.

Blankets from 33c to \$8.00
Comforts in best quality of down \$1.00 to \$5.00
Beautiful Bed Spreads 75c to \$3.00
Sheets 39c to 75c
Special sale of Cottage Carpet 25c

BIG BARGAINS

In a shipment of Mattresses just received.

BATH ROBES

Celebrated "Earle" brand of \$6.00 value for \$3.98
Matting of all grades, designs and prices 9c up
Largest line of Dress Goods in the city.

IN DOMESTICS

We are offering Unbleached Homespun of good quality, at 5c
Apron Gingham at 5c
40-inch White Scrim 8c
Heavy Shirting Shevior 8c
36-inch Colored Silkoline 9c
36-inch Morie Skirting 25c
New lot of Shepard Plaids, 36 inches, 25c and 50c

IN MILLINERY

We carry anything to be had in this part of the world. Have just received a new lot of wings in black and white.

In our immense stock of ladies' Tailor-made Suits, Skirts, Cloaks, Shirt Waists, etc., you can find what you need **25% Less** than you can elsewhere. Continued warm weather forcing us to make great reduction in these goods.

Come and see the beautiful display of Fancy Chinaware that we have just received.

GEO. O. GAYLORD
210, 212, 214 N FRONT ST.

COCA BUN

The New Drink That Will Make Wilmington Famous.
Atlanta, the home of Coca Cola.
New Bern, the home of Pepsi Cola.
Wilmington, the home of Coca Bun.
Delicious and invigorating, but not intoxicating. Try it. You will come for it again.

EL SENADOR, 5c Cigar. Just to get them started—special sale, 7 for 25c, as long as this lot lasts. After they are gone, 5c straight.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.
FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.
"The Drug Store That Has Everything Anybody Else Has and Some Things Nobody Else Has."

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.
4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersburg, \$3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersburg, \$7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

Now Is the Time to Advertise in The Star

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine"

Take advantage of the common sense contained in the above old adage, by giving us your orders for Stoves and heaters before the cold weather arrives.

We carry one of the largest stocks and best assortment of Hardware in the State at prices which defy competition. Come in, call up 106 or 1030 or write and let us figure with you.

J. W. MURCHISON & COMPANY.
109-111 North Front Street.

Cocoanuts & Oranges

20 Sacks Cocoanuts.
20 Boxes Florida Oranges.
150 Boxes California Evaporated Peaches.
50 Boxes Prunes.
300 Bbls. Nice Mulletts. (100 lbs. guaranteed to barrel.)
500 Barrels Sugar. (Bought below the present market.)
3,000 Kegs. Nails, Cuts and Wire.
1,000 Sacks Rice; Cheap.
15,000 Sacks Salt.
1,500 Barrels Flour.
Get our prices. We are here to do business.

D. L. GORE CO.
Wholesale Grocers.
WILMINGTON, N. C.



THANKSGIVING PLEASURES IN DRIVING

may be marred by your carriage breaking down and giving you much inconvenience if not serious injury. Give yourself the pleasure of something to be thankful for by having your defective vehicle put in good condition at

J. O. BROWN'S

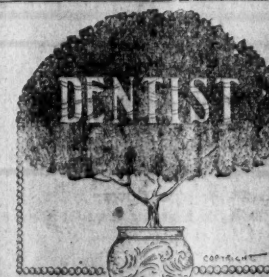
SMOKE Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. VOLLERS
Wholesale Grocer.



DENTIST (TREE)

is an all around growth. From infancy on up

YOUR TEETH NEED LOOKING AFTER.

The growth in popular favor of these dental parlors show it among our townspeople. Always remember it's

DR. JAS. W. POWELL

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect Thursday, September 30th 1909.

TO BEACH.
WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00, and 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.
WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15, and 10:45 A. M.; 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:50 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45, 10:45 A. M.; 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:50, 7:50, and 9:15 P. M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.
WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:00, 4:00, 4:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.
WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 5:25, 6:35, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M.; 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE.
UNION DEPOT.
TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Union Depot 6:45 A. M. and every 20 minutes thereafter until 10:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Union Depot 8:25 A. M. an every 20 minutes thereafter after until 10:25 P. M.

TO UNION DEPOT.
WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market 6:55 A. M. and every 20 minutes thereafter until 10:35 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market 8:35 and every 20 minutes thereafter until 10:35 P. M.

FREIGHT.
Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 3:00 to 4:00 P. M.

Clyde Steamship Company

to NEW YORK and GEORGETOWN, S. C.



New York to Wilmington.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, Nov. 12.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, Nov. 19.

Wilmington to New York.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Saturday, Nov. 13.
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, Nov. 20.

Wilmington to Georgetown.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, Nov. 8.
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, Nov. 15.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points to North and South Carolina. For freight and passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.

H. E. MAYNARD, F. T. M.
H. H. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.
General Offices, Pier 26 N. E., N. Y.

N. & W. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and best Line West and Northwest.

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Lv. Norfolk 7:30 a.m.; 7:30 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg 10:25 a.m.; 10:20 p.m.
Lv. Durham 1:00 a.m.; 8:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg 2:30 p.m.; 3:15 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati 7:30 a.m.; 7:20 p.m.
Ar. Columbus 6:45 a.m.; 7:35 p.m.
Ar. Chicago 5:00 p.m.; 7:30 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis 7:28 p.m.; 8:20 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points. Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts. Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited. Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va. C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

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It is easy sailing if you have a W. SUIT, HAT and OVERCOAT. Now is the time to order from

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THE HATTER AND CLOTHIER
Agent for Knox celebrated Hats, also Kenigh Rain Coats, Kenyon & Co. makers, New York.

DR. JAS. W. POWELL

Atlantic Coast Line

Correct to November 14, 1909.

NOTICE.
The arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies; but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

WILMINGTON AND THE NORTH.

NORTHBOUND.

No. 48.	No. 42.
Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Wilmington 8:45 am	Lv. Wilmington 7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro 12:00 pm	Ar. Goldsboro 9:55 pm
Ar. Wilson 1:00 pm	Ar. Wilson 10:52 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount 1:35 pm	Ar. Rocky Mount 11:30 pm
Ar. Weldon 4:55 pm	Ar. Weldon 2:28 am
Ar. Norfolk 5:50 pm	Ar. Norfolk 8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg 7:05 pm	Ar. Petersburg 4:05 am
Ar. Richmond 8:00 pm	Ar. Richmond 4:40 am
Ar. Washington 1:15 am	Ar. Washington 8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore 1:15 am	Ar. Baltimore 9:20 am
Ar. W. Phila. 3:45 am	Ar. W. Phila. 11:44 am
Ar. New York 6:30 am	Ar. New York 2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

SOUTHBOUND.

No. 41.	No. 49.
Daily.	Daily.
Lv. New York 3:25 pm	Lv. New York 9:25 pm
Lv. W. Phila. 5:44 pm	Lv. W. Phila. 12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore 8:20 pm	Lv. Baltimore 2:46 am
Lv. Washington 10:00 pm	Lv. Washington 4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk 3:20 am	Lv. Norfolk 8:25 am
Lv. Petersburg 1:55 am	Lv. Petersburg 9:13 am
Lv. Weldon 3:25 am	Lv. Weldon 11:35 am
Lv. Rocky Mount 5:00 am	Lv. Rocky Mount 12:50 pm
Lv. Wilson 5:35 am	Lv. Wilson 2:09 pm
Lv. Goldsboro 6:35 am	Lv. Goldsboro 3:05 pm
Ar. Wilmington 9:30 am	Ar. Wilmington 6:10 pm

WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

51.	55.	Via Wilson
Daily.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Wil'm'n 6:00 am	Lv. Wil'm'n 7:30 am	Lv. Wil'm'n 7:00 pm
Ar. Flor. 9:25 am	Ar. Flor. 11:25 am	Ar. Flor. 3:45 am
Ar. Col'bia 1:00 pm	Ar. Col'bia 10:45 pm	
Ar. Augusta 3:00 pm		
Ar. At'l'ta 8:20 pm		
Ar. Nash. 6:35 am		
Ar. Mem. 3:30 pm		
Ar. Louv. 1:10 pm		
Ar. Con'tl. 4:35 pm		
Ar. Chas. 1:35 pm	Ar. Chas. 11:25 pm	Ar. Chas. 6:40 am
Ar. Sav'h. 3:55 pm	Ar. Sav'h. 2:20 am	Ar. Sav'h. 9:00 am
Ar. Jk'ville 8:10 pm	Ar. Jk'ville 7:10 am	Ar. Jk'ville 1:20 pm
Ar. Tampa 7:00 pm	Ar. Tampa 7:00 am	Ar. Tampa 9:55 pm

NORTHBOUND.

NORTHBOUND.

50.	54.
Daily.	Daily.
Lv. Tampa 9:00 pm	Lv. Tampa 10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville 7:40 am	Lv. Jacksonville 7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah 11:40 am	Lv. Savannah 12:15 am
Lv. Charleston 4:00 pm	Lv. Charleston 5:10 am
Lv. Columbia 4:25 pm	Lv. Columbia 6:00 am
Lv. Augusta 2:45 pm	Lv. Augusta 9:25 am
Lv. Florence 7:55 pm	Lv. Florence 9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington 11:30 am	Ar. Wilmington 1:25 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound.
53 Daily.
8:40 AM Lv Wilmington Ar 8:05 PM
11:45 AM Ar Fayetteville Lv 4:50 PM
12:10 PM Lv Fayetteville Ar 4:45 PM
1:40 PM Ar Sanford Lv 3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound.	Daily except Sunday.	Southbound.</
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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
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J. E. THOMPSON,
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ROBERT L. GRAY, Editor.

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(Call 51 if 61 doesn't answer.)

(Call 61 if 51 doesn't answer.)

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under the Act of Congress of March 8, 1879.

Friday, November 19, 1909.

UNDERMINING THE CONSTITUTION.

The Charlotte Observer, which to its credit usually has a fair working knowledge of questions which it undertakes to discuss, seems to us to be wide of the mark in an editorial article the recent attachment of Sheriff Shipp and others for contempt of the Supreme Court. In the course of an editorial, suggesting that even the hope of the respondents for a Federal pardon by the President might be complicated by the novel question of whether or not the power of executive pardon extends to the cases of persons imprisoned by direct order of the co-ordinate Judicial Department of the Government, the Observer says:

"While we sympathize with the six men from Chattanooga whom the Federal Supreme Court has imprisoned for contempt we can join in no tirade against that body or criticism of its action. That court gave the case careful consideration both as to the facts and the law and after doing so exonerated a number against whom the charge of contempt had been brought and held the six who are now in prison to be guilty. If they were guilty as charged they should be made to suffer some punishment and the amount of punishment was within the discretion of the court. The court has passed upon both questions—the guilt of the persons and the proper punishment to be inflicted. Its decision is final and there is nothing to show that its findings were either incorrect or oppressive."

The point of criticism of the Supreme Court lies at the very point where the Observer overlooks or ignores it, to-wit: that the Court has passed upon "the guilt of the persons." It is just there that it seems to us that criticism and concern are both justified. By what right did the Supreme Court of the United States, even, pass upon the "guilt of the persons"? Both the Federal Constitution and the Constitution of every State in the Union prescribe the manner in which the guilt or innocence of persons charged with crime shall be established. Nowhere in such fundamental declarations of rights is it anywhere declared that such question is to be resolved by judicial action. And when the Supreme Court undertook to sentence for contempt consisting in the commission of a crime, it violated the recognized principles of such constitutions, however adroitly the most eminent lawyers in the land may have labored to bring the case within the technical exceptions governing proceedings in contempt. It ought not to be lost sight of in this proceeding that the case is very different from those cases of ordinary contempt where the questions "of fact" hinge upon whether or not the respondent has, or has not been guilty of acts bringing him in contempt of the court. For the protection of the courts, it is admitted that such facts should be tried by the court itself. But here there was no such fact and more serious question involved in the question of contempt, to-wit: whether the respondents had been guilty of a crime. If they were guilty of such a crime as that of which the Supreme Court has incidentally found them guilty, the sentences imposed are ridiculous. Their attachment carries jail sentences, the longest of which is ninety days. By inference they are found guilty of a felony punishable by death. No more ought to be necessary to be said to show that the position of the Supreme Court is against all the precedents governing the recognized idea of the rights surrounding the liberty of the citizen.

As to whether President Taft will exercise his pardoning power, we do not think that there will be occasion for the consideration of the interesting question which the Observer presents. The existence of such a question would make its determination impossible for so careful a man as Mr. Taft within the time for which the longest sentence is limited. We incline to the belief that there is no limit on the power of Executive clemency; that it was incorporated in the Constitution as a check against possible judicial abuse, as well as to serve the ordinary interests of humanity, of which the court, to be fair, cannot take cognizance. Our trust is that this precedent—dangerous in our eyes—may remain unique in American jurisprudence, in its very phrase.

Dr. Edwin Glasson is now to learn the bitter dose of "something equally as good."

A BLAST ON "CHILD LABOR."

We are in receipt of a letter accompanied by a lengthy communication, from the Rev. A. J. McKelway, formerly of North Carolina and for some years employed by the Child Labor Association, in which he criticizes a recent editorial in which we took occasion to say that the criticism of conditions in Southern mills seemed to have its impulse in Northern sources, and in which we put forward the query as to whether or not the motive power behind such agitation did not have its origin in New England mills in the furtherance of the more and more strenuous competition that they are experiencing by reason of manufacturing advance in this section.

Rev. McKelway resents with some heat the idea that the propaganda is other than purely humanitarian in origin, undertakes to prove that, while its financial support comes from the North in the main, it has Southern backing and membership, questions our assertion that the "muck-raking" magazines have published "libels" upon Southern conditions, and asks us to specify the articles in which such libels were printed. He also refers to many statistics gathered for the digestion of State Legislatures and lays stress upon the fact that these tabulated statistics have been "provided" by photographs. In particular does he scout the idea that New England mills are backing the movement for child labor laws in the South, and on the contrary alleges that, because the South has so far been unable to compete with Northern mills in the making of the finer grades of cloth, the latter, instead of favoring legislation looking to restrictions of child labor in Southern mills, are as a matter of fact inimical to such legislation on the ground that, by permitting no change in labor conditions, they may put off the day when the South may obtain the "skilled labor" necessary to permit it to compete with the New England mills engaged in the manufacture of the finer grades of cloths.

We will print Rev. McKelway's article when the exigencies of a newspaper always confronted with the question of space permits. For the present—passing over the fact that photographs, in the light of the development of the art, prove nothing, we merely wish to set straight Mr. McKelway and others as to the true position of this paper on the question of child labor. We have not, and do not propose to have anything to say in opposition to sane legislation looking to the amelioration of conditions of child labor at the mills. That is a humane undertaking, worthy of popular support, but it is an undertaking which should be carried out by the people concerned and not by people officiously anxious to concern themselves about us. The editorial in question followed another, which was suggested by the comparison made by Dr. Stiles between conditions in Southern mills and those on Southern farms. Mr. McKelway knows as we know, that in the present industrial condition of the country, children have to work. He knows, also, that what is skilled labor in the end is in a real and not a theoretical sense, "child" labor in the beginning. There is no such thing, we take it, as a skilled laborer of any kind, who has not had a child apprenticeship to his trade. How else is the South to get its skilled labor unless it teaches its laborers' children to work? When such instruction comes as incident to labor performed under conditions where every possible good influence of morality, health and education about the children, we confess that we do not yet see that an ideal propaganda in the face of concrete conditions is other than Utopian. It is the mill or the farm. Between these alternatives, the choice seems to lie distinctly with the mill.

We would not have Mr. McKelway believe, and we have certainly written nothing justifying such a construction, that we think our present child labor laws other than proper, or that we are not in favor of their sane expansion, as bettering conditions and more stable labor supplies make such expansion proper. We do not believe, however, in the appeal to the sensational in a matter vitally affecting the future commercial prosperity of the South. How, when for many reasons importation of skilled labor is denied us, the New England mills are interested in keeping the employment of children in Southern mills unrestricted, is something that we cannot see.

As to the "muck-raking" magazines, we speak by the card of personal reading. We do not remember the names of all these worthies. Van Vorst (or something like that) was one. We think Ray Stannard Baker took another shot. There are others whose names we do not now recall, but whose articles we do. These people deliberately resorted to the picking of individual instances, as showing the general condition. They chose anemic subjects for photographs (you can find such subjects anywhere). They convicted their men first and proved it on them afterwards in true keeping with the new magazine journalism. Certainly "scandal" and "libel" in connection

with such productions are true designations, when the central purpose of the writers is kept in mind.

ON FEET AND THEIR USES.

We have been lured, no less by the "front" which Richmond puts up and the traditions of chivalry that cling about its classic name in connection with the War Between the States, than by the generally superior local tone of its newspapers, to regard the Capital on the James as the center of Virginian industry and progress and the home and repository of ancient Southern courtesy.

Imagine the shock, therefore, on reading of this gross habit, for which we have the authority of the Richmond Journal in editorial mention:

"Suffering Women" sign and forward a note of protest to The Journal, which is asked to use its influence to break up a detestable habit of some of the men who attended theatres. The habit referred to is that of elevating and resting their feet on the seat in front of them.

"When a lady in a light dress happens to occupy the seat ahead, the man behind, if he is addicted to the habit of using the seat in front for a foot rest, almost invariably soils the dress of his neighbor. Some times a costly skirt is almost absolutely ruined."

It would seem that a simple hint to the offenders should suffice. Unfortunately, however, this is not the case. The matter has been the subject of comment time and again, but the offense is still among the aggravations of theatre attendance.

"Some men thoughtlessly commit the offense, but there are others who seem to be actuated by boorish stubbornness and persistence. When the latter class wipe their feet on a lady's dress, the theatre management, or the lady herself, should call for a policeman and compel observance of a fundamental rule of propriety."

We, being merely Tar Heels and hence undrilled in the niceties of etiquette, still had a sort of sneaking notion of the proprieties to the effect that the place for a gentleman's feet was on the ground, or as near thereto as the enthusiasms of the moment would permit him to bring them. When the fiddle is 'squalling and the dust begins to rise, it is true that our yeomanry forget the habits of social restraint so far as to permit one foot to touch rosin only for the most infinitesimal fraction of a second. But, when it comes to slippers and stockings, to heels in the air and the corn cob in the corner of the mouth, such relaxations with us are confined to a Sunday afternoon, in the gracious realization of churchly duties already performed and the humble satisfaction of resting from the heat of the day—not in all the regalia of a gentleman, perhaps, but with all the satisfaction of a gentleman off duty, and in the bosom of his family. If, perchance, while so engaged, there passes along the street a recognizable bit of calico, we leave it to all the instincts of civility of our readers to say whether or not the sudden extinction of pedal extremities is not worth to be instantaneous with the vision.

To hear, therefore, that it is the practice in Virginia and in Richmond for gentlemen attending so strict a quasi-social function as the theatre, not only to elevate their heels as though they were resting their feet after a corn-shucking dance, but to wipe them upon the evening gowns of ladies ahead of them, is to give us to despair of the things which we have thought counted in our civilization.

Mark Twain, who is an unorthodox authority in all social usage, in that all social usage makes way for Mark, confesses somewhere that one of the greatest comforts in going out in the evening is in getting back home, pulling off tight boots and listening to the grateful swelling of one's feet. But not even Mark Twain ever ventured to relieve himself of the torture of his boots while, surrounded by the delicate toilets of women, he put in an hour in rapt attention to the woes of the lady with the newest pompadour, upon the stage. Twain's resting of his feet has been confined to his boudoir or the select company of his friends. We hope the Richmond Journal will be successful in inculcating the same standard of social ethics among the society men of Richmond.

A Birmingham court was convicted a policeman; if the State could only sentence the Governor, Alabama might survive its officials.

Like many others, Mrs. Stetson discovered she was in error only after she had exhausted every effort to prove herself in the right.

Realizing that he was an accident which would not occur again, Representative Morehead "held up" the administration in true Wild West style.

It ought to give Governor Comer pause to learn that for several hours Kentucky was without a single Governor, Vice or real, within its borders, and that the State is no more bloody than it was.

Happily as the row in Christian Science circles ended, the country will feel itself cheated in that it was denied the opportunity of reading the new form of excommunication. We do not know why it is, but nowhere, except in such documents will be found an equally bracing and vigorous brand of literature.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

ON BEHALF OF THE SENATE.

The fairest mark in the United States is the United States Senate. When the people become restless it is a distinct relief to have something to fire at which they cannot help. The incident that, as matter of fact, they cannot hurt the thing they attack makes little difference. The Senate is there. They shoot at it. The people do it good naturedly, as a relief valve. And the Senate does not mind.

Occasionally, however, comes along a man who should know better, of the alleged student class, and falls in with popular prejudice for the sake of brief and passing mention. Such gentlemen make the attack philosophical, or the attack historical, instead of the frontal charge of bribery and corruption common to less responsible persons. The intentment is the same. When all else fails as topic of discussion the Senate remains, smug, contemplative, imperturbable. The latest of these gentlemen is Henry James Ford, of Princeton, who delivers himself in this wise:

"Acting on the belief that the Senate would very likely fall a prey to corruption," said Dr. Ford, "the fathers gave to the House the budget making power, and at the same time left to the Senate the power of amendment. Using this power as a club, the Senate has blackmailed the House and has become the dominant branch of our national legislature. The House has lost the powers which it was intended to have, and instead of being strong and masterful it has become supine. This state of affairs is in direct contrast to that which prevails in other governments founded on the same constitutional principles as our own."

"The tendency in all such governments is for the lower house to become autocratic, but in the United States the House has gradually become the weakest branch of the Legislature. In the grand fight which has been taking place over the passage of the English budget, the House of Commons has introduced revolutionary principles, and the Lords will not dare to exercise in any degree the power which our Senate so freely takes to itself."

We will leave the intention of the fathers to the analysis of Dr. Ford, but wherein, in recent legislation, has the House been proven supine? Wherein, moreover, has it tended to illustrate that the Senate, fated to be the prey of corruption, has entered upon that role? Certainly the popular cry of late years has been, not against the Senate for defeating the action of the House, but against the House for failure to inaugurate legislation desired by the people. The Senate, in more than one measure in which there has been almost general support, has of late years proven responsive to the will of the people, where the House has afterwards defeated that will. If the intention of the "fathers" was to make the House autocratic, it would seem that, under the example of Reid and the perfection of dictation under Cannon, that desire has been fully realized. Indeed, if attack be made upon either of the branches of Congress, it would seem that it ought most reasonably to be directed to a system of legislation wherein the representatives of the people, supposed to act upon their dictation and in their interests, permit the House to be made into a machine of autocracy and oppression under the control of one single personage, irresponsible, and from whose mandates there is no appeal.

Whatever the sins of the Senate, it at least shoulders as a body responsibility for them. The sins of the House, on the other hand, seem to be cleverly disguised with the sole purpose of avoiding responsibility by the membership that, in spite of Cannon or any other Czar, must be held ultimately responsible.

"San Antonio," Texas, once the scene of cow-boy contests, has not eliminated bronco-bussing in its acceptance of the new era of automobile races.

Attorney General Bickett is a brave politician. In argument before the Supreme Court he talked about near-beer just as though he were acquainted with the real thing.

A case started in Greensboro carries its own punishment. A Charlotte man sues a Greensboro man for writing love letters to the former's wife. A reading of the letters in open court is fit punishment for the crime of writing them.

They have evidently had experience in Virginia. The Democratic Committee are charging Congressional candidates \$800 each to enter. Under such circumstances, we look for fewer good men to be over-persuaded by their friends.

A STATE BUSINESS MATTER.

(Charlotte Observer)

Under the heading, "The Cause of Wilmington the Cause of the State," The Monroe Journal, in its last issue, contained a column article advocating a united effort by the people of the whole State to secure Federal aid for the construction of a 30-foot channel in the Cape Fear river from Wilmington to the sea. From that article we take the following paragraph:

"Wilmington, led by the city's Chamber of Commerce is carrying on a persistent, determined, and not-to-be-downed fight for government aid to make a 30-foot channel in the Cape Fear from the sea to the city. It is far from a local fight, but a cause as important to the State at large as to Wilmington. This State is bound hand and foot by its inability to get as cheap freight rates as the States



Come now for Linens

Annual Thanksgiving Linen Sale

Substantial Savings on Damasks, Pattern Cloths, Table Cloths, Napkins, Fancy Linens, Etc.

Sale Begins Monday, Nov. 15th

The season's greatest bargain-buying, value-getting and money-saving opportunity on linens of virtually every description for Thanksgiving use is presented now in this timely event. We include our entire stock of worthy linens in pursuance of our custom to reduce prices on Thanksgiving Linens each year.

Whatever your linen needs may be—you can supply them at this Sale for far less money than you'd have to pay anywhere else for linens so good. There are all sorts of table linens, napkins, cloths, damasks, fancy linens, towels, etc.

In all cases quality is up to the very highest standard. Here in item form we tell you of the splendid savings we have provided in this timely and helpful sale. Figure out your needs. Thanksgiving is not very far off, and supply them now for less than you'll have to pay at any other time.

30c Table Linens, 1½ yd Variety of Patterns, 2, 2 ½ and 3 yard pieces. This Week the yard.....25c
50c Table Linens, asst. Patterns. This Sale the yard.....39c
75c Table Linens, Tais Sale the yard.....59c
85c Table Linens. This sale the yard.....67c
1.50 fine all linen 72 inch wide. This Sale the yard.....1.10
1.25 Linen 90 inch wide. This Sale the yard.....98c

Plain and fringed Napkins. This Sale the doz. 50c
1.25 Plain Linen Doily & asst. patterns. This Sale the doz.....98c
3.00 Linen Doilies. This Sale the doz.....2.43
3.50 Linen Doilies to match table linen. This Sale the doz.....2.99
25c Linen towels. This Sale each.....19c
Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bed Spreads are also included in the sale.

Red and White Sweaters,
\$1.98—\$2.50—\$3.50.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Automobile Rain-proof Coats, a good variety of sizes and styles.

around it. The reason is that there is not at present in this State a port of sufficient importance to make a "basin" water rate, naturally lower than a railroad rate. Where there is water competition the policy of the roads is to give a rate as low as the water rate. Now this policy has been so long in force that law-making bodies of competent jurisdiction will not abolish the rule. The simple proposition is to make a port at Wilmington sufficient to force the roads to give the same rates to it and contiguous territory that are given for Norfolk and other cities. To do this a 30-foot channel is required. As the success of this undertaking would mean the immediate cheapening of freight rates to the greater portion of North Carolina, the cause of Wilmington at once becomes the cause of the State. The entire delegation in Congress could well afford to unite in a light to get the government to do the work required. They could well afford to relinquish their claims for local enterprises till this one of State-wide importance is accomplished."

The above lays the whole situation before the business men of the State. It shows that mercantile and industrial interests in Charlotte and in this entire section of the Carolina are as much interested in the proposition as are the business men of Wilmington who have taken upon themselves the burden of securing the requisite appropriation by Congress for the proposed work on the river. When the people of central and western Carolina divest themselves of the idea that the scheme is a local one urged in behalf of the Wilmington merchants and shippers alone a great step will be taken in the interest of the people of the State generally. For now the complaint has been made that North Carolina towns are discriminated against in the matter of freight rates in favor of those of Virginia, and to every such complaint is made the answer that water rates to Norfolk prevent correction of the seeming injustice. The business men of this city and section have had this thing dinged into their ears for years. Don't they see that their only chance of relief is to put Wilmington on the same footing as Norfolk? And this can be done in one way only—by giving the North Carolina port equal advantages as a port of entry for heavy draft vessels as any other on the South Atlantic seaboard. It is not to help Wilmington, but to help themselves that the people of this section should strive to secure the 30-foot channel for the State's chief seaport.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The New York Press. Writes of Speaker Cannon as being "in an advanced stage of senile decay." Speaker Cannon has never been in an advanced stage of anything, profanity alone excepted.—Charleston News & Courier.

On the threshold of octogenarianism Lyman Gage has succumbed to theosophy and is about to marry a soiled prophetic of the occult religion. Why should this once level-headed man think it necessary to give the world double proof that he is in his dotage.—Norfolk Virginian Pilot.

The Greensboro News says it knows a man in North Carolina whose snoring can be heard three quarters of a mile farther than any man in the United States. In justice to Carolina's many snorers who may feel that they are in the mind of the News, we call on our contemporary to name its man. Let the chips fall where they may.—Winston Journal.

Speaking of grammar in newspapers we were pained to observe the following assault on English in an editorial in a recent issue of the Atlanta Constitution. The enthusiasm with which Dixie has received her and her predecessor is evident that the Southern people share the Taffian view. It would be surprising to the teacher if any high school pupil should be guilty of such a flagrant violation of grammatical rules as this.—Danville Register.

Most anyone can do business fairly well. Many men can do business superbly. A few can do business superbly well. But the man who not only does his work superbly well but adds to it a touch of personality through great zeal, patience and persistence, making it peculiar, unique, individual, distinct and unforgettable, is an artist. And this applies to all and every field of human endeavor—managing a hotel, a bank, a factory—writing, speaking, modeling, painting.—The Philistine.

It is something of a novelty for an automobilist to complain that a horse-drawn vehicle ran against his car while the latter was traveling slowly, but such things are possible. In the present case it is said that the offending vehicle carried no lights at night. If so, that circumstance aggravated the offense. The law of New Jersey requiring all vehicles to show lights at night is an eminently reasonable and desirable one, which applies to horse-drawn vehicles as well as to automobiles, and it should be strictly enforced.—New York Tribune.

A correspondent protests to the New York Times against the description of the North Pole as the "top of the world." He suggests that the real top of the globe is the roof of the world, the Pamirs, in the Himalaya, "the part highest from the sea." The common phrase used by our explorers and the critics has been "the apex of the world." Both are wrong. The poles are depressions, below the general surface of the globe, which is flattened at both ends. The topmost reach of the Himalaya range is appropriately called "the roof of the world," because it is not only the highest part of the earth's surface, but it is near the equator and within the great pathway of the sun.—Columbia State.

Yesterday the President revoked the appointment of Prof. Glasson, of Trinity College, as supervisor of the census in the Fifth District of North Carolina. Mr. Moorehead's district. The story is that Mr. Moorehead has called on the President every day since he got back to the White House, and that he threatened to resign his seat in Congress if Glasson were not dropped and a man by the name of Blair appointed in his place, as he was the only Republican Representative not consulted about the appointment of a supervisor in his own district. We believe that no objection has been made or could be made, to Glasson on account of character or ability, but that Moorehead insisted that he should distribute whatever "pie" there was in the district, and presumably among his own supporters and for his own political benefit. Why didn't Mr. Taft let him resign?—Charleston News and Courier.

The News and Observer and the Wilmington Star have mutually agreed to use their influence to prevent the re-opening of the prohibition question. Stranger things have happened than that these papers, which have struck many a valiant lick at each other, should finally form a mutual admiration society. But it is granted that they have allied themselves together in a mighty good cause. Let the liquor question rest awhile, and give time to a proper enforcement of the law that is on the books. It is safe to say, we gladly note, that the people of the State would have little patience with an attempt to resurrect this question at this time. They are tired of it anyway. The thing most to be feared by all who wish to see due respect of the law, is that in the general lethargy and inactivity of both sides, now that the enthusiasm has died away, the law may not be enforced and may become a dead letter. Let us give our attention to seeing that this does not happen.—Twin County Echo.

Equaled as a rather serious sort of a joke only by the spectacle of Senator Nelson W. Aldrich advocating a central bank of issue as a solution of the financial ills of the country is the spectacle of the American Federation of Labor solemnly resolving that the future welfare of America largely depends upon the industrial training of our workers, and that, "if

the American workman is to maintain a high standard of efficiency, the boys and girls of the country must have an opportunity to acquire educated hands and brains, such as may enable them to earn a living in a self-selected vocation." The forces now represented in the dominant element of the American Federation of Labor have done more than any other forces to prevent the boys and girls of this country from having opportunity to become efficient workmen. These forces have steadily narrowed the entrance to industrial occupations requiring educated hands and brains. Their demand for industrial training for the rising generation, when they have almost entirely closed the best schools for such training—the workshops of the country—against the rising generation, is a body blow at the efforts to provide such training on an inadequate basis in the public schools.—Manufacturer's Record.

Talk for good roads is heard all over the State, it almost every county the people are expressing interest in the subject. Everyone admits the public roads system of the State is not what it should be and that an improvement would be money saved to the people. But talk won't build good roads. It takes money to do that, and there is nowhere for the money to come from except out of the pockets of the people, whether the expense is met by special tax to raise an annual road fund or a bond issue for a lump sum to be expended in the work. The people of a county can talk good roads for a generation, but if they do not get beyond that, there will be no road improvement in that county. But when they get to talking in favor of taxing themselves in order to secure the improvement then you may know there is going to be something doing in the way of road building in that county. To get good roads the people must go down into their pockets. This is not the logical, but the only way to secure improvement of the highways. Those people who talk good roads, but oppose taxation in order to secure them are really not sincere in their advocacy of better roads. Road improvement is a business proposition involving much expense, not a sentimental idea.—Charlotte Observer.

CLOSED PICTURE SHOW.

To Stop Re-Production of Coffeyville Bank Raid in Kansas.

Wichita, Kas., Nov. 16.—The city commissioners today passed an ordinance providing for a censor of play and moving picture shows in order that they might legally stop the motion picture re-production of the Coffeyville bank raid by the Dalton gang. Emmet Dalton, sole survivor of the gang, who was pardoned from prison some time ago, closed the show when told to do so by the chief of police.

The trustees of the Presbyterian orphanage which is maintained by the Southern Presbyterian churches in Maryland, Virginia, and the District of Columbia, last night decided that \$100,000 will be necessary to restore the institution as it was before the recent fire and put it in desirable condition. The churches will be asked to raise that amount.

A BUSY DOCTOR.

It often delays. Keep a bottle of GOWAN'S PREPARATION in the home and be prepared for pneumonia, croup, colds, coughs, gripes, pains and soreness in lungs and throat. External and gives quick relief. All druggists. 35c, 50c, 75c.

NOTICE.

The Seaboard Air Line withdrew sleeping car service between Hamlet and Wilmington on Trains No. 44 and No. 45.
C. H. GATTIS,
District Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

The turnpike road from 17th and Market streets to the Castle street road will be closed a short time for improvement. By order of Road Committee.
W. H. SHEARIN,
Supt. of Roads.

A COMPLETE WRECK

Schooner Eleazer W. Clark
Lost on Frying Pan
Shoals.

CREW HAD NARROW ESCAPE

Left Vessel Half an Hour Before She
Went to Pieces, Drifted All Night
in Small Boats—Tugs and
Cutter.

Their vessel and cargo a complete wreck upon the treacherous shoals of Frying Pan. Capt. P. W. Wyman and crew of seven men from the Portland schooner Eleazer W. Clark, 849 tons, were cast up on Bald Head early yesterday morning after a thrilling experience of an all night in an open boat upon the storm-tossed Atlantic.

Without sleep for sixty hours, their clothing drenched with water and with very little to eat for two days, the captain and crew of the ill-fated boat were brought over to Southport from Bald Head early yesterday afternoon and thence they were brought to this city on the steamer Wilmington, arriving shortly after 5 o'clock. The men saved only a few of their personal effects, and until arrangements can be made for their transfer North, they are being cared for at the Seamen's Home in this city.

The stranding of the unknown four-masted schooner was reported in yesterday morning's paper and it was stated that the tugs Sea King, Capt. J. S. Williams, and Blanche, Capt. Fred Doshier, with the revenue cutter Seminole, Lieut. Whitler in command, had gone to her assistance but would be unable to proceed to sea before daylight. The Sea King proceeded from Southport at 4 o'clock yesterday morning, making the Knuckle buoy before day and waiting there for light. The tug then proceeded and made a very careful search as far as the gas buoy but there was no sign of ship or wreckage anywhere and Capt. Williams returned to Southport, knowing that the vessel was either a total loss or had floated without assistance during the night and proceeded, though the latter was hardly thought probable on account of the high seas that were running and the extremely dangerous position of the vessel. The Blanche and Seminole also went out in search of the vessel, but found nothing in sight.

A little later the landing of the captain and crew in the small boats on Bald Head beach was reported, the Cape Fear Life Saving station having been unable to reach the stranded vessel after seven hours' faithful work.

Capt. Wyman would not talk about the loss of the vessel when he reached the city yesterday, reporting at once to the owners' agent, Mr. Clarence D. Maffitt. It was learned that while proceeding down the coast before day Wednesday morning Capt. Wyman was trying to make into Cape Fear bar for an anchorage on account of strong head winds. The gas buoy, which has frequently been reported out of order, is said not to have been burning and the Bald Head light was obscured by fog, making it impossible for the captain to determine his exact position. The vessel ran on one of the outer shoals and Capt. Wyman immediately dropped anchor and set his colors for assistance at 8 A. M., which it was impossible to render on account of the increasing winds and the high seas running. During the day the vessel several times dragged anchor, beating further up on the shoals until about 5 P. M., when she struck the Frying Pan shoal proper. Finding that the vessel was fast going to pieces, the captain and crew took to the small boats and within half an hour the schooner had broken all to pieces, the men saving from the wreck only a handful of personal belongings and the ship's mascot, a magnificent specimen of the feline tribe, called "Sam," which insisted on leaving the vessel with the men, being rescued by the mate at the last moment and later presented to Capt. Maffitt, the ship's agent in this city. The men described their experience in the boat as one of the worst imaginable and with little to eat and no sleep, their condition was pitiable.

The crew consists of Capt. Wyman, First Mate W. Roban, Second Mate Victor Lebond, Steward Edward A. Britton, colored, and Seamen M. Brothers, Chas. Nelson, Chas. Anderson and John Abrahamson, all residents of the North and some of the foreigners. They are being cared for here until arrangements can be made to send them home or ship them on some other vessel in port.

The schooner which is lost was built in Bath, Me. in 1891 and was owned by J. S. Winslow, of Portland, Me. She was 180.6 feet long, 27.2 feet beam and 18.5 feet depth of hold. She carried a crew of eight, none of whom was fortunately lost, though all had a narrow escape. It is said that the vessel and cargo were partially insured.

Real Estate Transfers.
Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: John H. Nigro and wife to Lizzie Mabson, for \$5 and other considerations, lot on south side of Green, 79 feet west of Dickinson street, 36x59 feet in size; P. R. King and wife to W. M. Cumming, for \$10 and other considerations, lot on north side of Grace or Mulberry, 112 feet east of Seventh street, 31x96 feet in size; James S. King and wife, of Petersburg, Va., to Frank Andrews, for \$100 and other considerations, lot on north side of Market, 133 1/2 feet east of Water street, 15x92 feet in size.

A Scalded Boy's Shrieks.
Horrible his grandmother Mrs. Maria Taylor, of Nolo, Ky., who writes that, when all thought he would die, Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured him. Infalible for burns, scalds, cuts, corns, wounds, eruptions. Cures fevers, sores, boils, skin eruptions, chilblains, chapped hands. Soon relieves piles. 25c at R. R. Bellamy.

ARRESTS ON BENCH WARRANT

Sensational Development in Green
Swamp Lumber Situation—Prisoners
Brought Here on Way
to Lumberton for Trial.

A rather sensational development in the unfortunate situation in the logging camps of the Wacamac Lumber Company, of Bolton, in Lower Brunswick county, where the wreck of a train and the consequent death of a Russian laborer with the serious injury of a dozen others occurred last Monday morning, came yesterday with the arrest by Sheriff J. J. Knox of four well known settlers in the famous Green Swamp territory, upon bench warrants issued Tuesday by Judge C. C. Lyon, of the Seventh Judicial District holding Superior Court at Lumberton, N. C., charging them with secret assault with intent to kill upon John X. MacDonald, logging superintendent, and other of the company's employees in the lower camps of the company, which are reported to be in a state of terror on account of frequent acts of violence by the alleged land "squatters."

The prisoners are J. W. Brady and his two sons, O. W. and Horace Brady, and Shale Bullard, all of whom were brought to the city on the late train from Bolton this morning and were taken a few hours later on the early Seaboard train to Lumberton, where they will appear before Judge Lyon today to answer the charges stated. It is understood that the alleged assaults upon the logging superintendent and other employees of the company occurred in the camps near Makatoka several days prior to the wrecking of the train with which it has no connection whatever and that the assault consisted of going on several occasions to the camp, once at night, and attempting to shoot the employees from ambush, the employees being saved by some kind of intervention by friends in the ambulance, though nothing is given out for publication.

The situation was accentuated by the wrecking of the train Monday and Hon. N. A. Sinclair, of Fayetteville, solicitor of the Seventh Judicial District, then holding court at Lumberton, made the arrests yesterday afternoon, bringing the men to Wilmington and leaving with them on the early Seaboard train for Lumberton, the warrants requiring their appearance there. It is further learned that Solicitor Sinclair has before him evidence indicating the commission of various felonies upon which the defendants in the present cases are held and that a thorough investigation of the entire situation is to be made in the courts at once. Robert Ruark, Esq., of counsel for the company, also leaves on the early Seaboard train today and will appear before the Solicitor for the prosecution, though it is expected the defendants will ask for continuance until they can communicate with their counsel William J. Bellamy, Esq., accompanied them to Lumberton this morning.

The situation is being watched with interest all over the State and other developments yet are said to be in immediate prospect.

CONTRACTS TO BE AWARDED.

Additional Equipment for the Wilmington Waterworks Plant.
It is stated that the Water and Sewerage Commissioners will call for bids for the next few days for additional equipment in connection with the reconstruction and rehabilitation of the waterworks plant. The bids will probably be opened between December 15th and 20th. Plans and specifications are now being prepared and will be ready for distribution by December 1st. It is estimated that the additional contracts will aggregate about \$30,000. Bids will be called for an addition to the filter plant of 2,500,000 gallons; the building of a reinforced concrete storage reservoir of a million gallons capacity; rearrangement of machinery and piping; removal of present building and the building of a new power and filter station, approximately 168x65 feet, and the building of a 110-foot radial brick tank.

WRECK ON COAST LINE.

Passenger Coach Demolished at Maxfort in Rear-end Collision.

Maxton, N. C., Nov. 18.—Shortly after 5 o'clock here this morning the Bennettsville train from Fayetteville on the Atlantic Coast Line, was in rear-end collision as it was backing out of the station to complete its run. In some way a switch had been left open and the rear of the train dished into a freight standing on the siding. Capt. Campbell was on the rear and saw the collision was inevitable a few minutes before it occurred with the result that all the passengers were out when the crash came. The rear coach was smashed up and the train had to proceed without it. No one was seriously hurt, thanks to the timely warning of the conductor, but Mail Clerk Geo. Bell was thrown over a mail rack and badly shaken up.

Attractive Window Display.

In the windows of Boylson & Hancock, on Front street, is an attractive display of the International Correspondence School, of Scranton, Pa., which has arrested the attention of many passersby. Various text books, mechanical and drawing instruments used by the school in a number of the different courses are advantageously exhibited. Mr. C. Trumbull, is the local representative of the school, with offices in the Odd Fellows' building, and he will be glad to talk to any young men who desire to learn more about the schools.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. Robert R. Bellamy.

ENTER SUBMISSIONS

First of Cases Unearthed by
Citizens' Committee Call-
ed Before Recorder.

FINES AND BONDS REQUIRED

Wm. Sheehan and W. G. Runge Fined
\$200 Each and Placed Under
Bonds—Horne Case Being
Tried—Other Cases.

Admitting their guilt and throwing themselves upon the mercy of the court, William Sheehan and W. G. Runge, two of the ten defendants arrested Wednesday afternoon on the charge of selling whiskey to Mr. C. E. Everett, one of the Norfolk, Va. detectives brought here to work up "blind tiger" cases, yesterday afternoon entered pleas of submission in the Recorder's court and were fined \$200 each and were required to give bonds in the sum of \$500 to appear before the Recorder once a month for a period of two years and show that they have not been engaged in the liquor traffic. Only one other case was called yesterday, that against Melvin Horne, who pleads not guilty. The trial of his case had not been completed when court took a recess until 10 o'clock this morning.

Two of the "blind tiger" cases were called yesterday morning, but as continuances were asked in those the entire ten were continued until the afternoon. At both sessions the courtroom was literally crowded with eager spectators from every walk of life—ministers, business and professional men, men without professions or calling, and laborers, with a good sprinkling of colored people.

The Unexpected Happened.

The unexpected happened when Mr. William Sheehan, through his counsel, upon the convening of the afternoon session, announced that he would submit to the charge preferred. When the case was called by Herbert McClammy, Esq., of counsel for the prosecution, Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., of counsel for the defendant, arose and directed this question to Mr. McClammy: "I wish to ask if the man sitting behind you is the one to whom the warrant alleges the sale of whiskey, and if so, why he is not being held on a plea of submission?" Mr. McClammy answered in the affirmative, stating that the transaction was made at 9:15 o'clock on the night of November 9th. Mr. Bellamy then went on to state that his client remembered seeing Everett half a pint of corn whiskey at that time. "After seeing the man to whom it was alleged the sale was made the defendant upon his own volition comes into court and enters a plea of submission," said Mr. Bellamy, who then made a strong plea for leniency. Mr. Carr suggested that all the ten cases be tried before sentence was passed. Mr. Bellamy asked for an immediate decision for the sake of the others deeply interested in the outcome of the cases. The prosecution desired to introduce some testimony to show the gravity of the offense, and Messrs. C. E. Everett and J. R. Joyner, members of the Norfolk detective agency, were sworn.

Everett on the Stand.

Everett took the stand and told of his connection with the detective agency and how he came to be in Wilmington working up "blind tiger" cases. He and Joyner arrived here on the night of October 21st and began work immediately. Witness testified that Sheehan's place of business is 15 or 20 times in company with Joyner and purchased whiskey and beer at different times. On the night of November 9th he purchased a half pint of corn whiskey. Witness was not subjected to a cross-examination.

Intimidation of Witnesses.
Mr. Sheehan was also charged with intimidation of witnesses and this case was next called. Mr. Everett taking the stand as the first witness. He testified that he was staying at 311 North Front street Wednesday night. He had caused the arrest in the afternoon of Sheehan for selling whiskey but he did not see Sheehan Wednesday night. Some one came to the front door where he was staying and asked to see him. He telephoned to police headquarters and officers came. On cross-examination witness said he could not swear that he was intimidated by Sheehan.

Chief of Police N. J. Williams testified that he saw Everett at 311 North Front street Wednesday night. He saw Sheehan in the center of the street in front of the house and asked him what he was doing there, to which Mr. Sheehan replied that he desired to see Mr. Everett. Mr. Sheehan refused to leave when told to do so and the officer arrested him. On cross-examination by W. P. Gafford, Esq., of counsel for the defendant, Chief Williams said that Mr. Sheehan had a conversation with him Wednesday afternoon to the effect that he desired to see the witness Everett and that if he had sold him (Everett) any whiskey he would enter a plea of submission. Patrolman H. P. Merritt testified that Sheehan was on the porch of the house referred to when he arrived. Mr. Sheehan did not use any profane language. On way to the hall Mr. Sheehan stated that he was there merely wanted to see what Everett looked like so he could tell whether or not he had sold him any whiskey as he did not desire to tell a lie about the matter. Patrolman D. M. Saunders testified that he tried to persuade Sheehan to leave the house, but he refused. The other portion of his testimony was about the same as given by the other officers. The State rested.

Mr. Gafford stated that from the evidence adduced by the State it did not appear necessary to offer any testimony for the defense. The State had failed to show any threats or menace. He then read the statute any analyzed it. The action of Mr. Sheehan was not a crime within the meaning of the law. He argued that Sheehan had a right to go to a citizen's house and ask to see Everett, and in this case Everett didn't even know that Sheehan had called for him. "The case is factually defective and should be dismissed," said Mr. Gafford in conclusion.

Crime on the Increase.

J. O. Carr, Esq., of counsel for the prosecution, discussed both the whiskey and intimidation cases. In the latter he referred to the new order of things in this community beginning January first. During January the police had nothing to do but sleep at night and the Mayor's court had few cases. It was worse in the month of February, the "tigers" becoming bold. Finally drunkenness and the kind of crime usually the outgrowth of the drunkenness, grew to such proportions it became necessary for the Mayor, independent of the city, to bring defendants into court with such evidence as caused the defendants to enter a submission. A fine will not break up the "tigers". The money paid on a case soon he made out of the profits from the sale of whiskey. Mr. Carr then referred to the question of enforcing the law having passed to the Recorder, upon whose shoulders the responsibility now rests. It was a responsibility Mr. Carr would not care to have upon him. If he would follow his own feelings and inclinations he would say let Sheehan off with the payment of the costs, but others besides this individual must be taken into consideration. He desired the punishment should be made so severe that it would not only be a lesson to the defendant, but to all others in Wilmington who were engaged in or intended to engage in the whiskey business.

Taking up the intimidation case, he said that Wednesday night was the first time such a thing had happened in this city. Everett knew what it meant when he was called for and he immediately called police headquarters. Sheehan knew that the witness would be in court and he could see him there. In answer to Mr. Gafford Mr. Carr said that the prosecution had proven that Everett was a witness in the "blind tiger" case against the defendant. Mr. Carr wanted nothing but justice, but contended that after private citizens had put up the money to prosecute and secured the evidence the defendants should be given sufficient punishment to deter them and all others.

Mr. McClammy then briefly reviewed all the testimony adduced. "I know Sheehan," said Mr. McClammy. "Bill wouldn't let me go on the stand and swear that he had not sold Everett whiskey. This prosecution was set on foot to let the world know that the open violation of the prohibition law will not be continued." Mr. McClammy made an eloquent, and at times, dramatic argument.

Mr. Bellamy then made a strong plea for leniency, contending that the defendant had submitted in the other and that any reference to it would be irrelevant and immaterial. Mr. Bellamy contended that even if Sheehan had sold to Everett and even if he had sold to the witness, it was not his duty to go on the stand and swear that he had not sold Everett whiskey. This prosecution was set on foot to let the world know that the open violation of the prohibition law will not be continued. Mr. Bellamy made an eloquent, and at times, dramatic argument.

When Mr. Bellamy had concluded the Recorder quietly turned to Mr. Fred Skinner and said: "Mr. Clerk, in the intimidation case the defendant is discharged. In the whiskey case he is fined \$200 and give a bond of \$500 to come to court once a month for two years and show that he has not sold any more whiskey."

The case against Mr. W. G. Runge, who conducts the Speedway Inn, near Delgado, was the next called. Through his attorney, Walter P. Gafford, Esq., he entered a plea of submission and the judgment was the same as in the Sheehan case.

Melvin Horne Pleads Not Guilty.

Melvin Horne entered a plea of not guilty. He is also defended by Walter P. Gafford and Wm. J. Bellamy, Esqs. C. E. Everett was the first witness for the prosecution. He testified that he bought a pint of whiskey from Mr. Horne Saturday night, October 23rd, at 10:20 o'clock. He played a game of pool with the defendant and then asked him to sell him some whiskey. The defendant took witness to his safe and brought out a pint for which he paid 60 cents. The whiskey was exhibited in court with the label and seal on the bottle as put there by Everett shortly after the alleged purchase. He said that Joyner was with him. He had also drunk beer at Horne's place. He bought whiskey there at four different times, the first on the following dates: October 28th and 30th and November 6th and 8th.

On cross-examination by Mr. Gafford the witness said that he had been a detective for four years, but he was a river pilot by profession. "Have you ever piloted in Washington?" asked Mr. Gafford. A smile flitted across the witness' face. He seemed to understand fully what counsel was driving at. "Yes," said the witness, "I have lived in Washington. My parents reside there now." "Were you ever piloted away from Washington?" was the lawyer's next question. "No," said the witness still smiling.

"Much do you get out of this work?" Mr. Gafford asked. The prosecution objected and the objection was sustained. Mr. Gafford explained that he wanted to show that the men were to get so much a case and the amount they received for their work here depended largely upon the number of convictions. The case did not object to that and the Recorder allowed the question: "How much reward do you get?" "I never worked on a reward case in my life," came the quick response. Mr. Gafford subjected the witness to a most rigid examination as to his past life, asking him if he had ever been arrested, and if he wasn't a gambler with an interest in a gambling table in Norfolk. To all the questions the witness answered "No." "Do you swear it?" asked Mr. Gafford to the last question. "I am on my oath, sir," was the witness' retort. This ended the cross-examination by Mr. Gafford. The State rested.

Defendant on the Stand.

Melvin Horne took the stand in his own behalf and was examined by Mr. Bellamy. The defendant denied selling any whiskey to the witness. Ev-

erett approached him several times for whiskey but he always told him that he didn't have any.

He was rigidly cross-examined by Mr. McClammy. Mr. Horne said that he had not ordered but two gallons of whiskey since opening his business and that he had not sold a drop. He had no knowledge of any being sold by his clerks. The most he ever had in his safe, where he always keeps his whiskey, at one time, was four quarts. He ordered it from Richmond, Va., and he and his friends drank it. The pint flask exhibited in the courtroom was never in his safe, he testified. Only one of his clerks knew the combination of his safe. Asked by Mr. McClammy if anybody ever went into his place and called for milk with whiskey in it, he replied in the affirmative, but said that he never accepted any money. He would not swear that Everett was not in his place of business at 10:20 P. M. on October 23rd. In reply to further questions, the defendant said that he had never sold any larger beer; only the near article. The defendant was re-called later by Mr. McClammy, who asked: "Have you a United States license to sell whiskey?" Receiving an answer in the negative Mr. McClammy asked if he had a United States license to sell malt whiskey. Mr. Bellamy objected, but the objection was later withdrawn and the defendant answered in the affirmative.

Ernest Burriss knew Everett by sight and had heard him ask Mr. Horne for some whiskey to which Mr. Horne replied that he didn't have any. Sheriff S. P. Cowan testified to the good character of the defendant. Mr. Henderson Cole was called as character witness, but he had never heard the character of the defendant generally discussed.

The State then placed J. R. Joyner, the other detective, on the stand. He testified that he was with Everett when he bought whiskey from Mr. Horne. He identified the bottle on exhibition as being the one he had placed his signature on. Mr. Horne got the whiskey out of his safe. Joyner was subjected to searching cross-examination by Mr. Bellamy. He began by inquiring where the witness was born. "Thirty miles from Norfolk," said the witness, who in response to further questions said that he was with a detective agency in New York before going to Norfolk, that he received his salary whether he secured convictions or not; that he ran on street cars in Norfolk for a short time, but was never accused of running a car for four hours and registering only four fares. He denied that he and his fellow detective had been dealing in cocaine since coming here. "Haven't you had whiskey sent you here from Norfolk for the purpose of catching people?" asked the attorney. "No, sir," replied the witness. On re-direct examination the witness said that he was employed by the street car company to watch conductors who had been "knocking down" fares and that he caught them, too. The State announced that it had made out its case.

It was then 5:15 o'clock and a recess was taken until 10 o'clock this morning, when argument of counsel

will commence. The prosecution is being conducted by Messrs. Carr and McClammy and Acting County Attorney Marsden Bellamy, Jr. Judging from the progress made yesterday it will take all of today and a big portion of tomorrow to try all the cases unless others enter submissions.

The Morning Session.

When court convened yesterday morning there was a motley throng in the courtroom. It was truly a heterogeneous gathering. Men of every walk of life were there as spectators eager to hear the testimony of the witnesses for the prosecution and the defense. There were present also representatives of the citizens' movement so counsel for the prosecution declared. Shortly after court convened Herbert McClammy, Esq., of counsel for the prosecution, announced that the State was ready to proceed with the trial of the "blind tigers." The case against Herbert Steljes was the first called. The defendant is represented by A. J. Marshall, Esq., who asked for a continuance until another date, suggesting next Monday, on the grounds that his client was arrested only late Wednesday afternoon and had not had time to summon witnesses and prepare a defense. He said that the defendant didn't even know some of his witnesses. He argued that it was only justice to the defendant to allow him a few days in which to prepare a defense. The motion was strongly resisted by Herbert McClammy, Esq. He was opposed to a continuance, especially on the grounds set forth by Mr. Marshall. When a man is indicted, said Mr. McClammy, he knows whether or not he is guilty and knows, too, or ought to know, who his witnesses are. The defendant in this case had ample time in which to get his witnesses and prepare his case. "If he does not know who his witnesses are, how is he going to get them?" inquired Mr. McClammy. "I desire to say right here," continued Mr. McClammy, "that the citizens of the community are behind this prosecution and the citizens of the community are here. I insist upon the names of the witnesses and what the defense proposes to prove by them."

Replying to Mr. McClammy counsel for the defendant, after picking up the warrant, said that the prosecution had had from November 4th to prepare its case and that it was only fair and just to give the defendant a few days for preparation. The Recorder asked counsel for the prosecution to call other cases so he could ascertain whether there would be any more requests for continuance.

"Case against William Sheehan," said Mr. McClammy. The defendant was represented by Walter P. Gafford and Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., and the former arose and lodged a motion for continuance on the same grounds that a continuance was asked in the other case. Mr. Gafford said that Mr. Sheehan didn't know the witness Everett and had not had the opportunity to

prepare his case, while the State had come in court fully prepared, having had several days in which to do it. His client had been hauled up and given but a few hours to prepare.

J. O. Carr, Esq., of counsel for the prosecution, made the reply and vigorously resisted the motion. He saw no reason why either case yet mentioned should be continued. He thought that he could safely say that the defendant had had since the first day of last January to make preparations. Mr. Carr desired to impress upon the defendants that violations of the prohibition law were not going to be longer tolerated in New Hanover county. "The authorities," said Mr. Carr, "have not deemed it necessary to appropriate money to enforce the law, but the citizens have secured the money and under the leadership of Mayor MacRae these defendants have been brought here. It is the business of the city and county authorities to enforce the law, but as they have not done so the private citizens have determined to do it. The only legal excuse for a continuance is the absence of witnesses." Mr. Carr referred to the demonstration Wednesday night in front of the residence where the two detectives were boarding. "Do the defendants want the cases continued until they can run the witnesses out of the city?" inquired Mr. Carr, and "if so the cases would be continued indefinitely."

Mr. Bellamy replied to Mr. Carr, saying that it was entirely within the power of the Recorder to say whether he would grant a continuance or force the defendants into an immediate trial. He said that the defendants had given sufficient bonds to secure their attendance at trial at a later date and he could see no reason for rushing to trial. As for preparedness, he had been employed only about an hour previous to the calling of the case and he knew little or nothing upon which to base a fight. Mr. Gafford had informed him that witnesses could be secured if they were only granted sufficient time.

"All of the cases are continued until 3 o'clock this afternoon," said the Recorder.

"That will do us no good," promptly replied Mr. Gafford.

"Well, then, we will try the cases now," was the Recorder's rejoinder.

"Hold on, just wait a minute," said Mr. Gafford, "and let me explain to the court. I am informed from the morning newspaper that two detectives have been brought here from another city and that the cases have been based upon what they will testify. I have just been told that we can produce evidence to prove that any testimony given by these men would be unworthy of belief. From what I am told we can blast their characters for all time in this community if we are given sufficient time."

"It would be a sad commentary upon the life and character of a man who has lived in a town as long as the defendant and could not cope with men from another town," said Mr. McClammy. "The defendant has lived here all of his life. Is he afraid that his testimony would not be as strong as (Continued on Page 6.)"

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR CONTAINS NO HARMFUL DRUGS
Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption
The Genuine is in the YELLOW PACKAGE
ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

Thanksgiving Linen Special, \$1.25 Damask, 98
THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY
"The Store That's Always Busy"
Thanksgiving Linen Special, 85c Damask, 69c.

Specials in Thanksgiving LINENS

We will offer this week, November 15th to 20th, special prices in Linens for Thanksgiving Day. Study the big reductions, then come and look over stock and examine quality, for this is the biggest reduction we ever offered in linens.

65c Bleached Table Damask, 72 in. wide, this week, yard.....	53c	Towels of the Best Grade, With Prices the Lowest.	
89c Bleached Table Damask, 72 in. wide, this week, yard.....	69c	12-1-2c Huck Towels, good size.....	9c
\$1 extra satin Damask, 72 in. wide, napkins to match.....	87c	15c Huck Towels, extra large.....	12c
\$1.25 fine satin Damask, 72 in. wide, with napkins to match.....	98c	25c Linen Huck Towels.....	21c
\$1.50 and \$1.75 extra fine satin Damask, with napkins to match, yard.....	\$1.29	35c Linen Hemstitched Huck Towels.....	25c
		15c Turkish Towels, good quality.....	11c
		25c Turkish Towels, extra large.....	20c
		35c Turkish Towels, heavy and large.....	27c

Polvogt's Is the Place for Quality, Style and Prices. Everything Guaranteed as Advertised. Come Early.

IN SOCIETY

The Home Science Department of the North Carolina Sorority will hold its regular monthly meeting at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the Public Library.

The November German of L'Ariseo German Club will take place on the evening of Wednesday, November 24th, instead of the 22nd as previously announced.

The regular monthly meeting of Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will be held in the W. L. L. armory at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. It is a very important meeting and all members are urged to be present. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected.

A concert entitled "Ye Olden Times", will be given at St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church Sunday School building next Tuesday night, beginning at 8 o'clock. The proceeds will go toward a fund for an addition to the building. The entertainment will be a most pleasing affair. The programme will be announced later.

MEETING OF ALUMNAE OF STATE NORMAL.

There will be a meeting of all former students of the State Normal & Industrial College at the High School building in this city this afternoon at 4 o'clock, for the purpose of more thoroughly organizing the Alumnae Association with the view of raising \$1,000 for the "Melver Loan Fund". This fund will be loaned to deserving girls in New Hanover county to enable them to get an education at the State Normal. Every former student of the Normal, whether a graduate or not, is an alumnae, and is expected and urged to attend this meeting, at which plans will be devised to raise the money and to apply it.

Dr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Milton were tendered a delightful reception at St. James' Parish House last night from 8 to 10 o'clock and there was a steady stream of members of the congregation and others to and from the Parish House during those hours. The hall had been most beautifully decorated with bamboo, palms and potted plants. The occasion was enlivened by pleasing piano and violin selections by Prof. Geo. L. Johnson and Mr. Womersley, respectively. Dainty refreshments were served. Several hundred, including many members of other congregations and denominations, called during the evening and paid their respects to Dr. and Mrs. Milton. It was an altogether most enjoyable event.

The members of the newly organized Philanthropic Class of Grace Church were most pleasantly entertained by the Baraca Class in the church parlors last night. A splendid programme, including addresses and musical selections, was rendered, after which refreshments were served. Herbert McClammy, Esq., president of the Baraca Class, was master of ceremonies, and made a short but interesting address at the opening of the exercises, speaking of the good work being done by the class. Addresses were also delivered by Rev. T. A. Smoot, pastor of the church, and J. O. Carr, Esq., a prominent member of the local bar. Mr. Carr emphasized the fact that every citizen has a duty to perform. There are two classes of citizens, the one is creative and does things, while the other sits idly down and does practically nothing for the upbuilding of the country. His address was helpful, earnest and inspiring. Mr. Smoot spoke principally of the South, the most promising section of the United States. He told of meeting a number of Northerners during the Summer and all said the eyes of the nation were upon the South and great things were expected of her. He also referred to the good work and in the influence of the Baraca Class in this community. His most able address was listened to with the keenest interest. The remainder of the programme was as follows: Selection by the quartette, composed of Mrs. Annie DeRooset Harris, Mr. Charles Dushan, Mrs. F. A. Muse and Mr. W. D. Muse; recitation by Miss Grace Craig; tenor solo by Mr. J. B. Fenley; contralto solo by Mrs. R. C. Merritt; duet, "O! Moment That I Bless," by Mrs. J. W. Yates and Mr. A. G. Bowden. Mrs. M. L. Chaston played the accompaniment.

LOCAL DOTS.

A special meeting of the recently organized Wilmington band will be held tonight at 8 o'clock at the hall near Fourth street bridge. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Capt. Edgar D. Williams went to Louisville, Ky., several days ago to consult a specialist. He is expected to return home the latter part of the week.

"ALICE IN WONDERLAND."

The Big Local Talent Operetta Progressing—Funds Needed. In addition to those mentioned in The Star yesterday morning the following ladies have consented to assist the W. L. L. in arranging for "Alice in Wonderland," which is to be presented at the Academy of Music November 29th and December 1st: Mrs. J. V. Gainger, Mrs. Martin Willard and Mrs. G. G. Thomas.

The cast has not yet been completed and it is hoped that friends will offer their services. A large number have already volunteered but the assistance of a great many others is needed. The company is seriously in need of funds and as it is an organization that certainly deserves the support of the public it is hoped that the request will be readily responded to, so that the cast can be completed within a few days. The ladies in charge respectfully ask mothers for the assistance of the children who took part in "Slumberland." The younger children will not be required to practice at night.

The Turnpike Closed.

Chairman D. McEachern, of the Board of County Commissioners, again calls attention to the fact that the Wrightsville turnpike between 17th and Market and Delgado is closed for the asphalt oil experiment. It is requested that no one attempt to pass over it until the repairs are completed.

The Theatre

Richard Carle in "Mary's Lamb" will be the attraction at the Academy next Tuesday night. This is the lively and tuneful musical comedy in which the well-known comedian, composer and author appeared last Summer at the New York theatre, during two long runs in Chicago and on his first tour of the Pacific coast last Winter. It is said to be even better than "The Tenderfoot," "The Mayor of Tokio" and "The Spring Chicken," Mr. Carle's previous plays.

The comedian himself has the principal part in "Mary's Lamb." He appears as Leander Lamb, a hen-pecked husband. The play is an adaptation of a famous French farce, with song and dance embellishment. It has a splendid plot, and the songs are all catchy and pleasing.

In the author's support is a splendid company, headed by Julia Ralph, as the shrew, Adele Rafter as a retired actress, Violet Seaton, prima donna soprano; Rita Stanwood as a foolish girl, Helen Brandon as a Dutch girl, Sylvia Langlois, baritone; George Bogues, tenor; Abbott Adams, basso, and Joseph Coffman, as a loquacious negro servant.

The chorus is one of the principal features of "Mary's Lamb." There are whole bevy of pretty and active girls in this chorus, and they appear as cowgirls, Dutch girls, models, actresses, Parisian dandies, debutantes, athletic girls and shadowgraph girls. One of the almost sensational features is a series of shadowgraphs, for which half a dozen of the shapeliest choristers attired in fleshings pose behind a screen.

Songs will go on sale Monday morning and the prices will be 75 cents, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

The Coming of Gilmore.

There is much interest in the appearance of Paul Gilmore and his players on Saturday, November 30th, at the Academy in his new comedy drama, "The Call of the North," founded on Stewart Edward White's much-praised novel, "Conjuror's House," and written by George Broadhurst, author of "The Man of the Hour" and other noted dramatic hits. Mr. Gilmore, as the hero of this new play, appears as a dashing young "free trader" in the Canadian fur-trading territory, and the four acts, elaborately mounted, are said to give picturesque depiction of life in the Hudson Bay country.

"A Knight for a Day." To those who follow things theatrical, the fact that the big musical gale "A Knight for a Day," came to New York direct from its phenomenal success of 607 performances in Chicago and immediately gained favor with the patrons of the theatre in the eastern metropolises to such an extent that it continued at Wallack's for six months to capacity business, will doubtless be ample proof of its legitimate claim to the most tuneful and the cleverest lyrics of any musical piece in the past decade.

"A Knight for a Day" will be seen at the Academy at matinee and night. Thanksgiving, under direction of Ben Paul, with the same identical cast and chorus as this season played New York.

"A Knight for a Day." "Cosette" is the feature picture of the bill at the Bijou today. Although telling a complete story in itself, the picture forms a continuation of The Galley Slave and Fantine, shown at the theatre some time ago. The picture is based upon incidents of Victor Hugo's Les Misérables. It is well staged and acted and will doubtless be witnessed by large audiences.

"JUST A SONG AT TWILIGHT."

Handsome Calendar issued by Springer Coal Company for 1910.

One of the first and very handsomest of the New Year calendars is a beautiful art creation being sent out by the Springer Coal Company, of this city. The art design is "Just a Song at Twilight", from the original painting by Albert Herter, A. N. A., and suggests the comforts of a well ordered home, chief among which is a warm glow from the hearthstone, with just a faint suggestion that it is the fuel sold by this firm that contributes so largely to the picture. In the painting Mr. Herter's great skill in rendering the effects of light, and using those effects to heighten the romantic sentiment of his picture, is very marked. Twilight and firelight form a soft contrast of warm shadows that is altogether pleasing.

MISS WADDELL RESIGNS.

Leaves Service of City as Public Librarian—No Successor.

At a special meeting of the trustees of the Wilmington Public Library yesterday afternoon, Miss Elizabeth Waddell, who has been the very capable and painstaking librarian since the library was established several years ago, tendered her resignation effective at once and the same was accepted. While the trustees did not elect her successor at the meeting yesterday, it is stated that Miss Waddell's very capable assistant, Miss Elizabeth Woodward, and Miss Elsie Emerson, will be in charge until the position is permanently filled.

Found Not Guilty.

Tin Donovan, a white man was tried before Justice Harriss yesterday morning on the charge of stealing tackle from the fishing schooner Frank A. Williams. He was indicted by the master, Edward Olsen. The evidence was to the effect that some tackle was missed about the time the defendant quit work on the schooner, but there was nothing to show that Donovan committed the larceny and he was discharged.

Big Haul of Mullet.

Capt. J. P. Walton and fishing crew made a haul of 3,000 bunches of mullets off of Wrightsville Beach yesterday afternoon. The fish were brought up to the city yesterday afternoon and disposed of through local dealers.

ENTER SUBMISSIONS

(Continued from Page 5.)

The testimony of the two men brought here.

Mr. McClammy said justice was what the prosecution wanted, the kind that gives to the "innocent nothing to fear and the guilty but little to hope for," not the kind the assemblage on the streets Wednesday night wanted to mete out.

"I stand here," he said, "in behalf of the good people of New Hanover county and the people behind this movement. This is not the first time this spirit has manifested itself here since the days of '76. It was manifested in the Civil War and it showed itself a little over 11 years ago. These are the people who cry out for justice."

The Recorder then reiterated his statement that all the "blind tigers" cases were continued until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Other Cases Tried.

The court room soon cleared of the majority of the spectators and then a number of minor cases were taken up. A case against Howard Watters, colored, charged with stealing a bicycle from Mr. E. R. Pickard, was continued until today. The cases against Joe Dious and B. French, charged with receiving stolen eggs from Sam Rivenbark, a half-witted young white man, were dismissed. The defendants admitted receiving ten dozen of eggs from Rivenbark, paying him \$2 for them, but denied the purchase of 30 dozen more for \$3. Rivenbark testified that he sold the 30 dozen Tuesday morning, but he could not swear to which of the defendants he sold them.

The Recorder sentenced Rivenbark, who admitted at Wednesday's session of court, that he had stolen 40 dozen of eggs from Gilson's store, to six months on the county farm. This is the second time Rivenbark has been given a term at the farm for larceny.

George Holloman, a 10-year-old colored youth, was tried on the charge of stealing fruit from Mr. D. M. Davis, of the Pure Food Market. According to the evidence the youth had stolen fruits and crackers from the People's Supply Company also. Mr. Haar, of the People's Supply Company, thought that there was an understanding between Holloman and two or three negro girls about his age to steal fruit and other things in front of stores. He said Holloman was usually accompanied by two or three negro girls, who would go inside the store and attract the attention of the clerks on the pretense that they wanted to buy something. Holloman would remain on the outside of the store and fill his pockets or school book satchel with fruits. He had run the defendant away from the People's Supply Co. several times. The Recorder left the case open until today.

Tom McDonald and Clarence Ball, one-legged white men, who patronized the "blind tigers" Wednesday until they could no longer navigate, were called to answer the charge of drunkenness. The Recorder dismissed the cases on condition that the defendants leave town before sundown, which they agreed to do.

The Y. M. C. A. Prayer Services.

The two daily services at the Y. M. C. A. carrying out the annual observance of the week of prayer, are attracting much interest and are being well attended in the afternoon and evening by the business men. Secretary Edwin Kettle spoke at the 1 o'clock service yesterday and Mr. Henry Bowden, assistant secretary, conducted the evening service.

Additional Express Service.

Effective several days ago, express service was inaugurated on Northbound and Southbound passenger trains No. 41 and 42 of the Atlantic Coast Line, giving a double daily service each way on this line. The service has been much needed and will no doubt prove quite pleasing to patrons, especially during the approaching holidays.

TAFT AT NORFOLK TODAY.

Leaves Washington on Mayflower With Party—Waterways Meeting.

Washington, Nov. 18.—President Taft, accompanied by Mrs. Taft, and a party of friends, left on the yacht Mayflower this afternoon for Norfolk, Va., where he will be the guest of honor tomorrow at the convention of the Atlantic Deeper Waterway Association.

The usual observance marked the departure of the Mayflower from the basin of the navy yard. A special guard of United States marines was drawn up when the Presidential party went aboard and Rear Admiral Leutze, commandant of the yard, personally saw to the comfort of Mr. Taft and his guests.

The White House party, included in addition to the President and Mrs. Taft, Mrs. Laughlin, a sister of Mrs. Taft; Captain Archibald Butt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy; Dr. T. F. Lambert, Mrs. Taft's physician, secret service men and a White House messenger.

The President will deliver the principal speech at the convention and the return trip will be started Saturday evening, the Mayflower arriving here Sunday morning.

The steamer for Norfolk at 6:30 this evening carried a large party of Washington correspondents and others who will be guests of the city of Norfolk during the next two days. More than 60 newspaper men were aboard when the steamer left and plans for their entertainment during the convention are said to be elaborate.

Comptroller of the Currency yesterday issued a call for the conditions of business in National banks to the close of business November 16th.

Kills Her Foe of 20 Years.

"The most merciless enemy I had for 20 years," declares Mrs. James Dunsen, of Haysville, Mo., "was dyspepsia. I suffered intensely after eating or drinking and could scarcely sleep. After many remedies had failed and several doctors gave me up I tried Electric Bitters, which cured me completely. Now I can eat anything. I am 70 years old and am overjoyed to get my health and strength back again." For indigestion, loss of appetite, kidney trouble, lame back, female complaints, it's unequalled. Only 50c at R. R. Bellamy.

SHERIFF SHIPP AND MEN.

Aged Veteran Beginning to Feel His Confinement—Prison Life.

Washington, Nov. 18.—Prison life is beginning to show its marks on the six men in the district jail here for contempt of the Supreme Court of the United States. Captain Joseph F. Shipp, the former sheriff at Chattanooga, is beginning to feel his confinement keenly. In fact, Jeremiah Gibson, the jailer, known to all in the jail now as "Uncle Jerry" is the most composed man of the six.

Letters and telegrams continue to come in from Hamilton county, most of them addressed to Shipp and many of them predicting his re-election to the office of sheriff. Shipp, himself, says he is taking no active part in such a movement and is entirely in the hands of his friends.

In a bright sunny room on the top floor of the old jail which has held many famous prisoners the six men are going through the same mode of life and eating the same fare as 500 others within the walls. Their meals are served to them there and they do not mingle with the other prisoners.

Captain McKee, the warden, has just put in force a new system of feeding his prisoners. Two dining rooms, each seating about 250, are used, and the men are now fed there instead of in the cells, as was the practice for 35 years.

FATALLY HURT IN FALL.

Woman and Man Fell From Third Story Window—She Will Recover.

Lima, O., Nov. 18.—William Fricke, of Bellefontaine, son of Jacob Fricke, late millionaire banker of Wooster, Ohio, and nephew of H. Clay Fricke, the steel magnate, is in a critical condition at a hospital here today as the result of injuries received when he and a woman, who gave her name as Florence Adams, of Toledo, fell from a window of a third floor room over the Exchange saloon here late last night.

Miss Adams last night said that they were scuffling over a glass of beer and pressed against the window which gave way. She will recover.

Miss Adams said this afternoon that the fall through the window resulted during a friendly scuffle over a photograph and that no beer was served. She said that she came to meet Fricke by appointment.

HOMICIDE AT SELLERS.

One White Man Shot Down by Another at Store.

Marion, S. C., Nov. 18.—James B. Whitehurst was shot and instantly killed by W. S. Blume at Sellers, about 6:30 o'clock Monday evening. The shooting occurred near Blume and Goldstein's store where immediately afterward Blume was arrested, and held for the sheriff. Coroner Middleton held an inquest and Blume was brought to Marion and placed in jail, where he was seen yesterday by a representative of the Marion Star. He said that he and his sister, Mrs. Goldstein were near the store when the deceased came along and attacked his sister, knocked her down and attacked him also, threatening to kill him; that he and deceased clinched, and that he then jerked himself loose and ran into the store. At the inquest the testimony of Mrs. Goldstein corroborated this statement. The testimony of others, however, was different—they did not see any altercation. The bullet entered the back just below the left shoulder blade and was extracted from beneath the skin just below the right collar bone.

BUILD APARTMENT HOUSE.

Charlotte, N. C., Nov. 18.—It is understood that there is on foot among some of the energetic business men of Charlotte a \$125,000 proposition, which, if carried through, will assure the people of Charlotte a magnificent apartment house.

It is said that Mr. Chase Brenner and others have closed an option on the R. M. Miller property at the corner of North Tryon and Seventh streets, where a \$100,000 building will be erected. The property will cost in the neighborhood of \$30,000. The plans for the apartment are being drawn and there is every assurance that within a few months a \$100,000 building will be in the process of erection. The plans show a six-story building with 44 apartments.

MONTHLY GINNERS' REPORT.

Cotton Ginned in Present Year—Report Given by States.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 18.—The regular monthly report of the National Ginner's Association shows that 8,096,000 bales of cotton had been ginned during the present season up to November 14th was issued today. Particularly heavy ginning was reported in West Texas.

The report by States follows: Alabama 562,000; Florida 53,000; Georgia 1,332,000; Louisiana 213,000; Mississippi 724,000; Missouri and Virginia 45,000; North Carolina 476,000; Oklahoma 478,000; South Carolina 918,000; Tennessee 133,000; Texas 2,059,000; total 8,096,000.

SHERIFF AT CAIRO FIRED.

Gov. Deneen Declares Office Vacant. Result of Lynchings.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 18.—Governor Deneen today declared the office of the sheriff of Alexander county vacant because the sheriff allowed William James, the negro murderer, and Henry Salmer, white, to be taken from his care and lynched at Cairo by a mob on November 11th. The Governor acted in observance of a law that provides that whenever a sheriff surrenders a prisoner to a mob his office expires immediately.

Young Girls Are Victims.

nervous headaches. They make pure blood, and strong nerves and build up your health. Try them. 25c at R. R. Bellamy, as well as older women, but it got quick relief and prompt cure from Dr. King's New Life Pills, the world's best remedy for sick and Bellamy.

Nature's Gift from the Sunny South

Cottolene Is Not a Substitute for Anything

No animal product, such as hog lard, ever has afforded, or ever can afford a satisfaction to compare with *Cottolene*. It is far superior to lard because it contains no hog fat, and its purity is unquestioned. It is more economical than butter for shortening and frying because, being richer, one-third less is required.

Cottolene is made from cottonseed oil, a fluid extracted from the seed of purest cotton. From Cottonfield to Kitchen—human hands never touch the oil from which *Cottolene* is made.

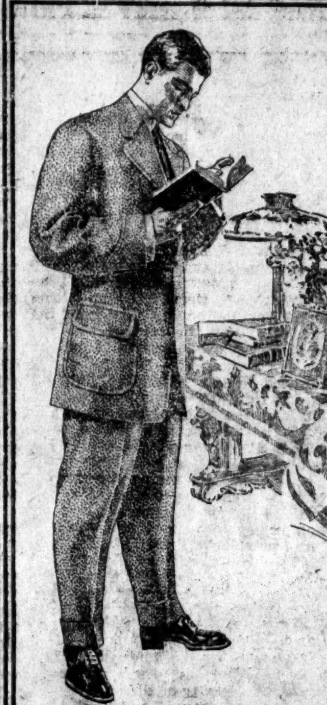
Pies, doughnuts and cakes cooked with *Cottolene* can be fearlessly enjoyed by the most determined dyspeptic, for *Cottolene* makes food digestible as well as palatable.

There is no substitute for *Cottolene*, because there is no shortening as good as *Cottolene*. It is pure, clean, neutral in taste and flavor, and absolutely the purest and most healthful frying and shortening medium.

COTTOLENE is Guaranteed Your grocer is hereby authorized to not pleased, after having given *Cottolene* a fair test. refund your money in case you are

Never Sold in Bulk *Cottolene* is packed in pails with an air-tight top to keep it clean, fresh and wholesome, and prevent it from catching dust and absorbing disagreeable odors, such as fish, oil, etc.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY



THE A. DAVID COMPANY

YOU can't be better dressed than we'll dress you, no matter where you go, or in what company you appear. There are no clothes in the world so good in quality, tailoring, style as our special selections in

Hart Schaffner & Marx

clothes. We have all the preparations made to supply you with dress clothes, evening and dinner suits; Prince Alberts; cutaway frocks; the very latest models. We'll satisfy your needs also in fine overcoats for business or dress; and everyday suits of all styles.

JOHN B. STETSON HATS
HOLEPROOF SOX

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE American National Bank, at Wilmington in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business, November 16th, 1909.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$382,566.19
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	82.50
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	3,371.98
Banking house, Furniture, and Fixtures	4,954.49
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	69,234.17
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	51,209.63
Due from approved Reserve Agents	77,268.71
Checks and other Cash Items	1,924.25
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	3,001.73
Specie	\$11,600.00
Legal tender notes	16,676.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	28,276.00
	4,100.00
Total	\$725,989.75
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund Reserve for Interest	632.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and taxes paid	10,306.53
National Bank Notes outstanding	100,000.00
Due to other National Banks	\$112,770.12
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	139,532.48
Individual Deposits subject to check	211,093.04
Demand Certificates of Deposit	48,023.56
Certified Checks	174.56
Cashier's Checks outstanding	104.22
Liabilities other than those above stated due Clearing House	3,352.47
Total	\$725,989.75

EDGAR O. SILVER DEAD.

Founder of Publishing House—Trustee of Shaw University. New York, Nov. 18.—Edgar Oscar Silver, founder and president of the House of Silver, Burdett and Gummery, publishers of school and college text books, died in East Orange, N. J., today in his 80th year. He was a member of the executive board of the American Baptist Home Mission Society and a trustee of Shaw University, of Raleigh, N. C.

A Religious Author's Statement.

v. Joseph H. Fesperman, Salisbury, N. C., who is the author of several books, writes: For several years I was a victim of kidney trouble and last winter I was suddenly stricken with a severe pain in my kidneys and was confined to bed eight days unable to get up without assistance. My urine contained a thick white sediment and I passed same frequently day and night. I commenced taking Foley's Kidney Remedy, and the pain gradually abated and finally ceased and my urine became normal. I cheerfully recommend Foley's Kidney Remedy. Robert R. Bellamy.

GOMPERS GRANTED STAY.

Mandate in Contempt Cases Will Not Be Issued Until Nov. 29th.

Washington, Nov. 18.—The Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia upon request of counsel for the labor leaders today granted a stay until November 29th of the issuance of the mandate sending President Gompers, Vice President Mitchell and Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor to jail for contempt of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia in the Bucks Store and Range case.

Chief Justice Shepard stated that if the labor leaders had by November 29th, the day the Supreme Court of the United States reconvenes, filed in that court a petition for certiorari on application a further stay of the mandate would be granted pending the determination by the higher tribunal of the application. As a result of this action Gompers, Mitchell and Morrison need not hasten from Toronto to Washington as it will not be necessary for them to surrender under their bonds, nor will they have to have recourse to habeas corpus proceedings.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

The Latest Reports from the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 18.
SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady 54 3/4 cents.
ROBIN—Market, steady \$3.55 per barrel.
TAR—Market, Firm \$2.00 per barrel.
CRUDE TURPENTINE—Firm, \$2.50 per barrel for hard; \$4.00 for dip and \$4.00 for virgin.
Quotations same day last year—spirits turpentine, nothing doing; rosin steady \$2.30; tar firm \$1.50; crude turpentine firm \$1.50; \$2.00 and \$2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine 11
Rosin 15
Tar 11
Crude turpentine 42
Receipts, same day last year—4 casks spirits turpentine; 10 barrels rosin; 60 barrels tar; 4 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Steady 14 3/8 cents for middling.
Same day last year—Quiet, 8 7/8 cents.
Receipts—1,181 bales, same day last year, 2,996 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith Nov. 18th.)
PEANUTS—North Carolina prime 65¢/70; extra prime, 72 1/2; fancy 75¢/80; Virginia, prime 65¢/70; extra prime 75¢/80; Spanish \$1.00 to \$1.05.
CORN—Firm 90 to 95c per bushel for mixed.
N. C. HAMS—Good demand; hams 17¢/18c; shoulders 14¢/15c; sides 11¢/12c.
EGGS—Good demand 26c per dozen.
CHICKENS—Spring 20 to 35; grown 40 to 45c; scarce.
BEEF—Firm at 28c.
TALLOW—Firm at 1 1/2c per pound.
SHEEP—Good demand at 20¢/21c per pound on foot.
HIDES—Dr. flint 14c; green, 9c per pound.
SWEET POTATOES—Dull 40¢/45c per bushel for new yams.
WOOL—Burr 18c, free of burr 24c.
GEES—50 cents per head.
PORK—Small 10c per lb.; large, 8¢/9c.
SHEEP—Old no demand; Lambs, dull \$1.25 to \$1.50.
TURKEYS—Dull 14 to 15c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Nov. 18.—The cotton market was very nervous and unsettled today, an early advance being followed by a sharp break with the close steady in tone, but at a net decline of 12 to 17 points.
The opening was steady, net 2 points lower to 2 points higher, very little attention being paid to disappointing cables, while following the call prices sold up to a net advance of 6 to 9 points on covering. New Orleans bull support and fresh buying for long account. The demand was encouraged by an apparently quiet general feeling of satisfaction as to the action of the New York revision committee after the close last night and also by the showing of the weather map suggesting that any hope of further top crop development must be abandoned as a result of low temperatures. But a great deal of long cotton was seen to be coming out on the advance to 14.81 for January and 15.26 for May. This selling was accompanied by rumors that leading bulls were liquidating and later, rumor was circulating that the report of the National Cotton Association would show \$250,000 bales assigned to November 14, or considerably more than rumored a day or two ago. The market became very weak in consequence with liquidation more general and in the late trading January contracts sold at 14.57 and May at 15.00 or 17 to 18 points net lower. The close was within a point or two of the lowest on the active months. All sorts of rumors were circulating during the day as to the character of some of the heaviest selling, with local and New Orleans bulls attributing it to Memphis interests, while local bears claimed that the big bulls were themselves unloading. Southern spot markets officially reported early were unchanged to 1-16 higher, and most of the private advices received from the south during the day reported a good demand and firm interior markets.
Receipts at the Port today were 41, 118 bales against 46,107 last week and 63,876 last year. For a week 300,000 bales against 367,000 last week and 408,930 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans were 13,527 bales against 16,535 last year.
Spot quiet 5 points lower; middling uplands 14.90; middling gulf 15.15; sales 5,100 bales.
Futures opened steady and closed steady.
Month. Open. Close.
December 14.54 14.40
January 14.73 14.58
February 14.63 14.48
March 15.00 14.84
April 14.99 14.84
May 15.17 15.03
June 15.18 15.08
July 15.18 15.08
August 15.47-50 14.33
September 13.95 13.85
October 12.65 12.53

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Steady, 14 3/8; net receipts 16,171; stock 227,910.
New Orleans—Easy, 1 1/2; net receipts 13,527; stock 209,599.
Mobile—Easy, 1 1/2; net receipts 806; stock 46,263.
Savannah—Steady, 14 7/16; net receipts 5,237; stock 213,643.
Charleston—Steady, 14 1/4; net receipts 734; stock 35,123.
Wilmington—Nothing doing; net receipts 1,181; stock 11,195.
Norfolk—Steady, 14 9/16; net receipts 2,433; stock 31,740.
Baltimore—Nominal, 14 3/4; stock 10,383.
New York—Quiet, 14.90; net receipts 102; stock 123,177.
Boston—Quiet, 14.90.
Philadelphia—Steady, 15.15; stock 5,036.
San Francisco—Net receipts 527.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Nov. 18.—Money on call firm 4 1/2 to 5 per cent, ruling rate 4 3/4, closing bid 4 7/8, offered at 5. Time loans easier, sixty days 5 per cent, and ninety days 4 3/4 per cent.
Prime mercantile paper 5 to 5 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.24 to 4.35 for sixty day bills and at 4.57 to 4.60 for demand. Commercial bills 4.32 to 4.43. Bar silver 50 5/8, Mexican dollars 43.
U. S. ref 28 reg 100 100
U. S. ref 28 cou 100 100
U. S. 3s reg 101 101 1/4
U. S. 3s con 101 101 1/4
U. S. 4s reg 115 115 3/4
U. S. 4s con 116 116 3/4

NEW YORK BONDS.

U. S. ref 28 reg 100 100
U. S. ref 28 cou 100 100
U. S. 3s reg 101 101 1/4
U. S. 3s con 101 101 1/4
U. S. 4s reg 115 115 3/4
U. S. 4s con 116 116 3/4

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 1,118; Great Britain 4,072; France 25; Continent 27,721; Japan 827; stock 913,402.
Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 229,967; Great Britain 80,766; France 35,145; Continent 90,794; Japan 827; Mexico 1,950.
Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 3,908,072; Great Britain 1,024,103; France 499,424; Continent 1,089,172; Japan 12,731; Mexico 7,805.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14 3/8; net receipts 5,792; stock 97,087.
Augusta—Steady, 14 3/4; net receipts 1,439; stock 60,169.
Memphis—Steady, 15; net receipts 3,449; stock 176,275.
St. Louis—Steady, 15; net receipts 966; stock 29,114.
Cincinnati—Net receipts 1,116; stock 7,926.
Little Rock—Quiet, 14 1/8; net receipts 673; stock 45,611.
Louisville—Firm, 15 1/8.
Total today—Net receipts 13,435; gross receipts 20,290; shipments 18,798; sales 5,078; stock 416,182.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, Nov. 18.—Spot dull, prices unchanged. American middling fair 8 1/8; good middling 7 3/4; middling 7 3/8; low middling 7 1/2; good ordinary 7 1/4; ordinary 7 1/8.
The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 4,500 American.
Receipts 37,000 bales including 36,600 American. Futures opened easier and closed quiet. Nov. 15 1/2; December and December 7 1/2; 1 1/2; December and January 7 1/2; January and February 7 1/2; February and March 7 1/2; March and April 7 1/2; April and May 7 1/2; May and June 7 1/2; June and July 7 1/2; July and August 7 1/2; August and September 7 1/2; September and October 6 1/2; October and November 6 1/2; November and December 6 1/2.

DICK BROS' COTTON LETTER.

New York, Nov. 18.—Today's cotton market was irregular and unsettled. There was a fair display of strength during the first hour, but disquieting reports began to leak out to the effect that the bull clique were selling by way of Memphis and that the National Cotton Association report on the amount of cotton ginned to November 14th would show somewhere around 2,500,000 bales. There was a raidance of good cotton on the rise to 15.25 for the May option, and in spite of denials by several members of the bull clique crowd, the impression got abroad that somebody of importance was trying to get rid of cotton. The usual scattered selling accompanied this gossip, and it was not until the market had broken 20 points from the high of the morning that the decline was checked. More encouraging reports are received from trade circles, and both cloths and yarns seem to be working up to a parity with raw cotton. The action of the revision committee was about as expected and no drastic changes in differences were attempted.

DICK BROS. & CO.

THE DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Nov. 18.—The dry goods markets continue somewhat quiet in the primary division although not unreasonably so. Jobbers are buying many advance orders and are especially active in the print departments. Raw silk is easy. Dress goods are quiet. Retail trade is reported as expanding steadily.

STOCK MARKET.

New York, Nov. 18.—The strongest tone of stocks today was not accompanied by animation in the speculation. Some of the day's incidents were calculated to give a tonic influence in values, but the international money position is of sufficient effect yet to constrain the speculation within temperate bounds. The most striking incident of the day's news was the announcement of the "melon cutting" by the Wells Fargo Express Company. The high record price for the stock before the present year was 325. Today's announcement induced sales at 560. The distribution amounts to three times the par value of the outstanding stock in cash, calling for 24,000,000 while the capital is increased three fold at the same time and the increase offered to present stockholders at par. The collateral topic came up for discussion how far this action might be designed to anticipate possible liquidation activities by government authorities and legislation for the conduct of an industry that yields much profit, especially in view of the contentions by the national authorities for the inclusion of the express companies as common carriers.
The easier tone of the time money market was maintained and call loan rates did not get above 5 per cent. Bonds were firm. Total sales, par value were \$2,232,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call. Total sales of stocks today were 740,600 shares.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, Nov. 18.—Money on call firm 4 1/2 to 5 per cent, ruling rate 4 3/4, closing bid 4 7/8, offered at 5. Time loans easier, sixty days 5 per cent, and ninety days 4 3/4 per cent.
Prime mercantile paper 5 to 5 1/2 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.24 to 4.35 for sixty day bills and at 4.57 to 4.60 for demand. Commercial bills 4.32 to 4.43. Bar silver 50 5/8, Mexican dollars 43.
U. S. ref 28 reg 100 100
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U. S. 3s reg 101 101 1/4
U. S. 3s con 101 101 1/4
U. S. 4s reg 115 115 3/4
U. S. 4s con 116 116 3/4

NEW YORK BONDS.

U. S. ref 28 reg 100 100
U. S. ref 28 cou 100 100
U. S. 3s reg 101 101 1/4
U. S. 3s con 101 101 1/4
U. S. 4s reg 115 115 3/4
U. S. 4s con 116 116 3/4

Allis Chalmers 1st 58 85
American Agricultural 58 102
American Tel. & Tel. cv 48 106 5/8
American Tobacco 48 80 3/8
American Tobacco 68 110 1/2
Atchafalpa 48 93 5/8
Atchafalpa 1st 48 93 3/4
Atchafalpa cv 48 121
Atchafalpa cv 58 121
A. C. L. 1st 48 off 95 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio 48 98 3/4
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2 93
Baltimore & O. S. W. 3 1-2 89 7/8
Brooklyn Transit cv 48 103 5/8
Canada Southern 1st 68 103 5/8
Central of Georgia 58 99 1/4
Central Leather 58 124 3/4
C. R. R. of N. J. gen. 58 122 7/8
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2 104
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2 73 1/2
C. B. & Q. Joint 48 95 3/4
C. M. & St. P. gen 3 1-2 99
C. R. L. 48 83 1/2
C. R. I. & P. R. col. 58 97 3/8
C. R. I. & P. R. rig. 48 93
C. C. & St. Louis gen. 48 90 1/2
Colorado Industrial 58 83
Colorado Midland 48 81 1/2
C. & S. ref. & ext. 4 1-2 97 3/4
Del. & Hud. cv 48 103
Del. & Hud. 1st ref 48 97 1/4
Denver & Rio Grande 48 93 3/4
Distillers 58 74 7/8
Erie prior lien 48 84 1/2
Erie Gen. 48 75 3/4
Erie cv 48 series "A" 81 1/2
Erie cv 48 series "B" 72
General Electric cv 58 149 1/4
Illinois Central 1st ref 48 99 1/2
Interborough Met. 4 1-2 83 1/2
Inter. Merc. Marine 4 1-2 71 1/2
Japan 48 87
Japan 4 1-2 94
Japan 4 1-2 2nd series 73 1/2
Kan. City S. 1st 38 94 1/4
Lake Shore deb. 48 (1931) 99 1/2
Louisville & Nash. Un. 48 99 1/4
Mo. Kan. & Tex. 1st 48 81
Mo. Kan. & Tex. 2nd 48 81
Mo. K. & Texas gen. 4 1-2 94
Missouri Pacific 48 90 3/4
N. Y. Central gen. 3 1-2 95 1/2
N. Y. Central deb. 38 135 3/4
N. Y. City 4 1-2 (new) 99
N. Y. N. H. & Hart. cv 68 95 5/8
N. & W. 1st con. 48 102 7/8
Norfolk & Western cv 48 72 1/2
Northern Pacific 48 94 1/4
Northern Pacific 38 9 3/8
Oregon S. L. rtdg. 48 104 3/8
Penn. cv 3 1-2 (1915) 99
Penn. Con. 48 83 7/8
Reading Gen. 48 89 1/2
St. L. & San Fran. ig. 48 77 3/4
St. L. S. Western con. 48 89
St. L. S. 1st gold 48 90 5/8
Seaboard Air Line 48 90 7/8
Southern Pacific col. 48 102 5/8
S. P. R. R. 1st ref 48 94 1/2
Southern Railway 58 107 1/8
Southern Railway gen. 48 80 3/8
Union Pacific 48 102 1/2
Union Pacific cv 48 115 3/4
Union P. 1st ref 48 97 1/2
U. S. Rubber 68 104 7/8
U. S. Steel 2nd 58 104 7/8
Virginia Car. Chemical 58 97
Wabash 1st 58 112
Wabash 1st & ext. 48 74 3/8
Western Md. 48 84 1/4
Westinghouse Electric cv 58 94 1/2
Wisconsin Central 48 94 5/8

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.
New York, Nov. 18.—Flour steady with a quiet trade.
Rye Flour—Quiet.
Buckwheat Flour—Quiet.
Corn Meal—Steady.
Rye—Dull.
Wheat—Spot irregular; No. 2 red 1.25 nominal domestic elevator; No. 2 red 1.24 1-2 nominal fob afloat. Options net advance 1-4 to 1-2 to 3-4. December 1.16 3-4; May 1.12 5-8; July 1.04.
Corn—Spot steady; No. 2, 73 1-2 elevator domestic, 73 delivered, and 73 fob afloat. No. 2 yellow 73 all nominal. Options unchanged to 1-8 decline. December 71 1-4; May 69 3-4.
Oats—Quiet; mixed 26 to 32 pounds nominal.
Unsettled.
Pork—Steady.
Tallow—Steady.
Rice—Firm.
Molasses—Firm.
Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.92; refined steady.
The cotton seed oil market was quiet and steady with small price changes. Liquidating sales were absorbed by moderate investment buying. Sales for the day amounted to 5,000 barrels. Closing prices were 2 points higher. November .75 to .685; January .69 to .695; March .703 to .705; May .707 to .709; prime crude 5.87; prime summer yellow 6.70 to 6.85; prime winter yellow 6.90 to 7.49; prime summer white 7.05 to 7.25.
Coffee—Quiet; Rio No. 7, 8 3/8 to 8 1/2; Santos No. 4, 8 3/4 to 8 7/8; mild quiet; Cordova 9 to 11 1-2. Futures firm at a net advance of 10 to 20 points.
Potatoes and Cabbages—State, unchanged.
Freights and Peanuts—Unchanged.
Butter—Stronger; creamery specials 31 1-2; extras 30 1-2; third to first 26 to 30.
Cheese—Firm, unchanged.
Eggs—Steady, unchanged.

THE GRAIN MARKET.
Chicago, Nov. 18.—Belated covering by shorts caused a sharp rally in the wheat market here today, and final figures showed net gains of 3-4 to 1-8. Corn and oats closed steady and provisions irregular.
Opening. Highest. Closing.
Wheat . . . 1 07 5/8 1 08 1 08
May . . . 1 05 1/4 1 05 3/4 1 05 5/8
July . . . 96 5/8 97 97
Corn . . . 60 1/8 60 1/4 60 1-8
May . . . 61 5/8 61 5/8 61 5/8
July . . . 61 61 61
Oats . . . 39 1/4 39 1/4 39 1/4
May . . . 41 3/4 41 7/8 41 7/8
July . . . 39 3/4 39 3/4 39 3/4
Mess Pork, per bbl.—
Jan. . . 21 22 1/2 21 22 1/2 21 00
May . . . 20 05 20 15 20 02 1-2
Lard, per 100 lbs.—
Nov. . . 18 22 1/2 18 25 18 25
Jan. . . 18 07 1/2 18 07 1/2 18 00
May . . . 11 47 1/2 11 50 11 45
Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—
Jan. . . 10 82 1/2 10 82 1/2 10 70
May . . . 10 50 10 50 10 42 1-2

Closing Stock List.
Allis Chalmers pfd 56 1-2
Amalgamated Copper 95 1-4
American Agricultural 49
American Beet Sugar 46 3/4
American Can pfd 84 7/8
American Car & Foundry 74 3/4
American Cotton Oil 68 5/8
Amer. H. & L. pfd 46 5/8
American Lumber 25 3/4
American Locomotive 62 1-2
Amer. S. R. Refng 102
Amer. S. & Refng pfd 112 3/4
American Sugar Refining 123 3/4
American Tel. & Tel. 143 3/8
American Tobacco pfd 100 3/4
American Woolen 34 1/4
Anaconda Mining Co. 53 7/8
Atchafalpa 120 3/4
Atchafalpa pfd 104 3/4
Atlantic Coast Line 135
Baltimore & Ohio 116 1/4
Baltimore & Ohio pfd 91 1/2
Bethlehem Steel 34 1/2
Brooklyn Rapid Transit 7 3/8
Canada Pacific 17 1/2
Central Leather 47 1/4
Central Leather pfd 108 7/8
Central of New Jersey 305
Chesapeake & Ohio 83 7/8
Chicago & Alton 67
Chicago Great Western 20 3/4
Chicago & Northwestern 184 1/2
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul 156 5/8
C. C. C. & St. Louis 61 3/4
Colorado Fuel & Iron 61 3/4
Colorado & Southern 56 1/2
Colorado & Southern 1st pfd 80 1/2
Col. & Southern 2nd pfd 79 3/4
Consolidated Gas 142 3/4
Corn Products 22
Delaware & Hudson 187 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande 84 1/2
Denver & Rio Grande pfd 37 1/4
Distillers Securities 37 1/4
Erie 24
Erie 1st pfd 49 1/4
Erie 2nd pfd 40 1/4
General Electric 163
Great Northern pfd 143 3/8
Great Northern Ore Cts 81 1/2
Illinois Central 147 1/2
Interborough Met 23 1/2
Interborough Met pfd 56 5/8
Inter Harvester 109
Inter-Marine pfd 25
International Paper 15 1/2
International Pump 62 5/8
Iowa Central 28 1/2
Kansas City Southern 45
Kan. City Southern pfd 71 3/4
Louisville & Nashville 152 1/2
Minna. & St. Louis 52 1/4
Minna. St. P. & Sault St. M. 128 1/2
Missouri Pacific 72
Mo. Kan. & Texas 50 1/8
Mo. Kan. & Texas pfd 74 3/4
National Biscuit 55
National Lead 89 5/8
Nat'l Rys. of Mexico 1st pfd 55
New York Central 132 1/2
N. Y. Ontario & Western 48 1/4
Norfolk & Western 95 1/2
North American 79 1/2
Northern Pacific 144 7/8
Pacific Mail 44 1/2
Pennsylvania 133 7/8
People's Gas 113 1/2
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis 95
Pressed Steel Car 54 3/8
Pullman Palace Car 192
Rayway Steel Spring 50
Reag. 166
Republ. Ste. I. 48 5/8
Republ. Steel pfd 106 1/4
Rock Island Co. 80 1/4
Rock Island Co. pfd 80 1/4
St. L. & San Fran. 2nd pfd 56 1/4
St. Louis Southwestern 32 3/8
St. Louis Southwestern pfd 72 1/4
Sloss S. S. & Iron 91 1/2
Southern Pacific 180 1/8
Southern Railway 23 3/8
Southern Railway pfd 133 7/8
Tennessee Copper 40 5/8
Texas Pacific 35 5/8
Toledo, St. L. & W. 53 3/4
Toledo, St. L. & W. pfd 69 1/4

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Smith's Bridge, J. A. Munn.
BY RIVER AND RAIL.
Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.
Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 18, 1909.
C. C. Railroad—12 bales cotton.
W. & W. Railroad—336 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels tar, 11 barrels crude turpentine.
W. C. & A. Railroad—539 bales cotton, 13 barrels crude turpentine.
A. & Y. Railroad—131 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 15 barrels rosin, 11 barrels crude turpentine.
Str. Alice—1 bale cotton, 2 barrels crude turpentine.
Str. Black River—9 barrels tar.
Total—1,181 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 15 barrels rosin, 11 barrels tar, 42 barrels crude turpentine.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port of Wilmington, N. C.
Steamers.
Pennine Range, (Br.) 2,215 tons, Holland (Br.) 2,438 tons, Chandler, Alexander Sprunt & Son, Selma (Br.) 2,233 tons, Lord, Heide & Co.
Schooners.
Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulburn, C. D. Maffit.
R. T. Rundle, 219 tons, Cunningham, C. D. Maffit.

There is no case on record of a cough or cold resulting in pneumonia or consumption after Foley's Honey and Tar has been taken, as it will stop your cough and break up your cold quickly. Refuse any but the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in a yellow package. Robert R. Bellamy.

What you may have been calling the "good fortune" in business affairs of someone you know may be simply the courage to advertise.

THANKSGIVING DAY DINNER

will be made much more pleasant, Mr. & Mrs. Housekeeper, if you have one of our

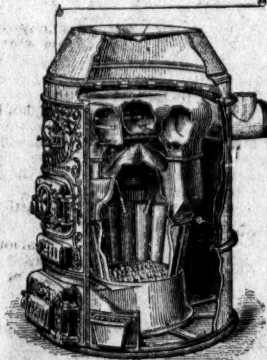
Sharp Edge Carvers



We are showing an especially fine line of them at moderate prices. And please don't forget a

"Savory Roaster" N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

QUESTION OF HEALTH



From a physician's standpoint, there is only one correct method of heating, and that is by the indirect hot air furnace method, properly installed and with a provision for producing the proper degree of relative humidity.

After careful study and trial and observation, I am compelled to condemn all direct methods of heating by radiators located in the rooms.
B. G. LONG, (M. D.)
520 Elmwood Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.
Why use others? We give a guarantee that our Heating Systems will give satisfaction. Blue prints and estimates furnished free.

S. L. SMITH & SON

Wilmington, N. C.

An Extra Choice Lot

Of fancy poultry dressed or live also a full line of choice meats of all kinds. Phone or better still come and see our assortment. Prompt attention given to all orders. Our home-cured hams and bacon are the finest yet. If you are looking for the best we are waiting to serve you.

HOPKINS & DAVIS

FRONT STREET MARKET.
Stalls No. 1 and 2 South side and No. 1 and 3 North side.
Phones 141 and 128.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

WHY NOT TRY POPHAM'S ASTHMA REMEDY? Gives prompt and positive relief in every case. Sold by druggists, price \$1.00. Trial package by mail 10 cents.
WILLIAMS' MFG. CO., Props. CLEVELAND, O.
Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

The "Baby-Waker" Sale

is still going. Large crowds and liberal buying are the features. The low prices published in the large advertisements are still holding good.

New arrivals of rugs, pictures, imported dinner sets, tables, hampers, clothes baskets and several other articles have been added this week. Positively no such values ever seen in Wilmington. Call and inspect them if you wish to buy or not. We are pleased to show goods and invite comparison. This sale, as all our sales, is bona fide. No bluff, no hot air. Unequaled values our motto.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

For The Man Who Thinks

The man of sense and good judgment knows that a "cheap" shoe is not cheap at any price. He knows that it costs money to make good shoes. WALK-OVER SHOES should make a strong appeal to you for they are made for men who expect to pay for what they get but expect to get what they pay for.

It's the Shoe for You

Prices Everywhere Patent Leather Button Boot Sketoe Model Price \$5.00

\$3.50 \$4.00, \$5.00

Peterson and Rulfs 202 NORTH FRONT ST. Next to Murchison Bank, Wilmington

Electroliers Chandeliers

Just Arrived

I have just received the largest line and greatest variety of fine Chandeliers, Electroliers, Gas and Electric Portables that was ever shown in Wilmington. I have both the goods and prices to suit anyone's pocket book. Special line of Art Glass Domes for dining room and library. A full and complete line of Electrical Supplies. No trouble to find what you want with prices to suit. Call early before they have been picked over. House wiring a specialty.

J. O. BROCK

Telephone No. 573 123 Market Street

Atlantic Cafe

OPPOSITE UNION DEPOT.

Remember, we are most conveniently located when leaving or arriving by train or any other time to serve you QUICK LUNCHES, STEAKS, CHOPS, FISH, RICE BIRDS & C., and delicious CHESAPEAKE BAY OYSTERS on half shell, stewed or fried.

Try our MIDDAY LUNCH 12 to 2 P. M. It will please you.

GIECHEN BROS., Proprietors.

MEN'S SHOES

We Are After the Men

who want good looking, durable and stylish Shoes at moderate prices. We'll just put it mildly and say that we've the best \$3.50 and \$4.00 Shoes this country produces. In Pat. Kid, Gunmetal and Vic.

\$3.50 and \$4.00

HEWLETT & PRICE 109 MARKET ST.

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture
Weather Bureau.
Wilmington, N. C., Nov. 19, 1909.
Meteorological data for the 24 hours
ending 8 P. M. Thursday, Nov. 18th:
Temperature at 8 A. M. 38 degrees;
8 P. M. 43 degrees; maximum 56 de-
grees; minimum 37 degrees; mean 44
degrees.
Rainfall for the day .00; for the
month .36 inch.
Stage of water in Cape Fear river
at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Thursday 2.2
feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Fair Friday;
Saturday fair and warmer; light to
moderate north to east winds.

Port Calendar—Nov. 19.

Sun Rises 6:49 A. M.
Sun Sets 5:09 P. M.
Day's Length 11 hr. 31 min.
High Water at Seaport 12:40 A. M.
High water at Wilmington 3:40 A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gas Company—Vulcan Heater.
Southern Nat. Bank—Statement.
American Nat. Bank—Statement.
Murchison Nat. Bank—Statement.
Academy of Music—Richard Carlo.
Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.—Statement.
St. John's Lodge No. 1, A. F. &
A. M.—Emergent Communication.

Business Locals.

U. C. Ellis—Photographs.
Uncle Charley—Diamonds.
J. T. Gordon—Boys Wanted.
Gas Company—Vulcan Heater.

AFFAIRS IN RALEIGH.

Several New Charters—Arrests in
Pitt—Bryce's Visit Pleasant.
(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 18.—The Po-
mona Mercantile Co., Greensboro, was
chartered today to conduct a merchan-
tile business in connection with the
Pomona Cotton Mills, the capital be-
ing \$50,000 and the principal incorpo-
rators being C. C. Coble, C. W. Wil-
kins and A. H. Bannson.

There were also charters for The
Morrison Live Stock Co., Lumberton,
Robeson county, capital \$50,000, by
A. K. Morrison and others; and The
Hastings & Mitchell Co., Charlotte,
capital \$100,000, by D. W. Mitchell, A.
M. Hastings and D. W. Martin, for
mercantile business.

The call was issued today from the
office of the Corporation Commission
for reports of the condition of State,
private and savings banks at the close
of business November 18th.

Deputy Insurance Commissioner Young
notifies Commissioner Young by tele-
graph that he has prepared the re-
port of John and Lamb Adams, in Pitt
county, charged with burning a build-
ing belonging to Mrs. Gardner, near
Greenville.

Hillard Bruce, former managing
editor of the Evening Times and State
editor of the Hearst News Service,
writes a friend here that having failed
to land the editorship of the Bridge-
port (Conn.) Morning Telegram,
which he was seeking when last in
Raleigh and Wilmington, he has taken
the associate editorship of the Pen-
sacola Journal, the only morning pa-
per in West Florida, to handle the edi-
torial and paragraph pages.

Ambassador James Bryce, of Great
Britain, sends to Secretary Poe, of the
Literary and Historical Association, a
letter in which he refers most pleas-
antly to his recent visit to the State
as the guest of the Association to de-
liver the principal address on the oc-
casion of the annual meeting. "It
was a great pleasure to me to be in
North Carolina," he writes, "and to
have such an extremely hearty wel-
come as you and your friends in Ra-
leigh gave me. The welcome was re-
peated elsewhere, especially at the
University and the Colleges that I vi-
sited. I come back greatly struck by
the progress in every direction, which
your State is making and more hope-
ful regarding the future than I have
been for a long time. The value of
such a society as yours as an organ
for the intellectual life of the State
seems to me to be very great."

The El Paso (Texas) Herald yester-
day printed what it claimed was au-
thentic information declaring that
Enrique Creel will enter the Diaz Cab-
inet within a short time a chief adviser
representing Diaz and that Vice Pres-
ident Corral will assume active charge
of the Mexican government, leaving
Diaz to rest and virtually retire.

MAKES GOOD HEALTHY FLESH

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. Offers to
Pay for Samose if it Fails.

Begin the use of Samose today, and
you will soon notice a gain in good,
healthy flesh. To all who are thin,
weak and run down, this remarkable
flesh-forming food promises plump,
rosy, perfect health, vigor and vitality.

Most people eat enough to become
fat; the trouble is not lack of food, but
lack of assimilative power.
Samose mingles with the food that is
eaten, so that it is assimilated by the
blood, and builds up pleasing
plumpness and good healthy flesh.
Those who use Samose for a week or
ten days will soon notice a gain in
weight and an improvement in general
strength and health.

Put good, solid flesh on your bones,
and you will be strong and well. In no
other way can this be done than by
the use of Samose. It gives plumpness
and physical grace to the thin and
scrawny, and will make you bright,
rosy and normally fat.

Samose is in tablet form, pleasant to
take, and is sold by one of the most
reputable drug stores in Wilmington,
J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., under
their personal guarantee to refund the
money if it does not give satisfaction.

Sent postpaid on receipt of price,
50c.

Forced Into Exile.

Wm. Upchurch, of Glen Oak, Okla.,
was an exile from home. Mountain
air, he thought, would cure a fright-
ful lung-racking cough that had defied
all remedies for two years. After six
months he returned, death dogging his
steps. "Then I began to use Dr.
King's New Discovery," he writes,
"and after taking six bottles I am as
well as ever." It saves thousands
yearly from desperate lung diseases.
Infallible for coughs and colds, it dis-
cusses hoarseness and sore throat.
Cures grip, bronchitis, hemorrhages,
asthma, croup, whooping cough, 50c
and \$1.00, trial bottle free, guaranteed
by R. R. Bellamy.

REIGN OF TERROR

(Continued from Page 1.)

nounced blockade of investment of
the Nicaraguan port of San Juan de
Norte, Greytown, is effectively main-
tained and the requirements of inter-
national law, including warning to ap-
proaching vessels are observed, this
Government would not be disposed to
interfere to prevent its enforcement.
A naval vessel will be ordered to
Greytown to observe and report
whether the blockade is effective."

Nicaragua has been one of the cen-
tral American republics that has given
this Government more trouble in the
last few years than any other, save
perhaps, Venezuela under the sway of
President Castro.

The State Department today main-
tained a quiet and reserve that was
described by one diplomat as "omni-
nous." It was learned, however, that
both President Taft and Secretary
Knox practically have determined on
the execution of some forceful moral
sanction, if nothing more, with a view
of bringing the Central American
States to a realization of their respon-
sibilities. The execution of the Ameri-
cans is held here to be indefensible.

It is evident that the temper of the
American has been thoroughly aroused
and if occasion warrants the State
Department may advise some drastic
action.

For some years, the situation in
Nicaragua has been anything but sat-
isfying to the United States. Last
year Minister Coolidge resigned from
his place and returned from the Nicar-
agua capital. It was given out then
that Mr. Coolidge returned merely be-
cause of his health, but it eventually
leaked out through diplomatic chan-
nels that he practically was forced to
withdraw in order to save his dignity
and preserve the standing of his Gov-
ernment. Since then there has been
no diplomatic connection between the
two Governments except through the
Nicaragua legation here.

Cannon Lived in Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 18.—LeRoy
Cannon, reported shot in Nicaragua,
was a native of this city and was 29
years of age. He had been living in
Central America for eight years and
in that time had been heard of a half
dozen times as figuring in hazardous
enterprises. Within a year word was
received that he had been condemned
to die for participating in an uprising,
but was saved by intervention of the
United States.

Cannon's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan-
iel K. Cannon, live in this city. Mr.
Cannon doubted the story of his ex-
ecution as she said she had received a
letter on October 13th, which stated
he was returning to his plantation to
devote himself to business.

Cannon secured a position about 10
years ago as a rodmann on some rail-
road construction work in the United
States of Colombia. A few years later
he turned up in Nicaragua as an en-
gineer's assistant on the canal survey.

He took a great interest in the fre-
quent revolutions and finally left the
service of the canal commission and
threw his lot with one of the leaders.
Three years ago he was accused of
siding with a revolutionary party and
had to leave the country. When his
friends regained power he was with
them and he wrote to his father that
he had property worth \$50,000. An
effort will be made by the parents to
have the body brought her for burial.

Complicity in Rebellion.

Managua, Nicaragua, Nov. 18.—Mess-
rs. Cannon and Grace, the Americans
who were executed for complicity in
the rebellion, were tried at a fair court
martial held under the direction of the
government. The men, it was charged,
were responsible for placing dynamite
mines which were intended to
blow up government steamers laden
with troops which entered the river
at Greytown.

One of the mines planted by Cannon
and Grace exploded 15 yards from the
steamer Managua.

When Cannon and Grace were cap-
tured they had with them dynamite
machines and other accessories for
blowing up vessels. The men confessed
their guilt to the authorities and
also in letters to their families.

CANNON MAKES DENIAL.

Answers His Critics and Says Speaker
is No Czar.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Joseph G. Can-
non, Speaker of the House of Repre-
sentatives, answered his critics with a
defense of the present rules of the
House and denied that the Speaker was
a Czar. In a speech tonight, Mr. Can-
non spoke in favor of W. J. Moxley,
Republican candidate to succeed Wil-
liam Lorimer, as Congressman from
the sixth district of Illinois.

Calling for co-operation on the part
of the women of other churches, the
South Carolina Baptist Woman's Mis-
sionary Union at Columbia yesterday
launched a movement designed to put
a stop to the wearing of big hats in
church. The resolution denouncing
the peach basket and merry widow
styles of head-gear for Sunday wear,
was passed amid great enthusiasm.

INSURE yourself
against the blues—
keep a box of NUN-
NALLY'S always in the
house. It will cheer up
drooping spirits with
surprising quickness.
That is because it is so
good. There are no
candies to compare with
NUNNALLY'S—none
so pure and none so
dainty.

Nunnally's

A fresh supply always kept by
J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.
"None Like Nunnally's."

ROBBERIES AT NASHVILLE.

One of the Latest Was Four Jugs of
Liquor.

Spring Hope, N. C., Nov. 18.—A
number of stores have been broken
into this week at Nashville, nine
miles away and last night thieves be-
sides breaking into a store robbed
the express office of four jugs of
whiskey.

Angelo Hamilton, convicted of mur-
dering Mrs. Sallie Hix at Lynchburg,
Va., yesterday sentenced to be electro-
cuted on February 18th next.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

WHEN YOU GIVE your girl a dia-
mond ring that is your business; sell-
ing diamonds, watches and jewelry
that is Uncle Charles's business. Call
at 108 Market street. no 19-1t

ANY BOY anxious to earn money
outside of school hours can secure a
position with me. The best boys I am
going to give Savings Banks and cash
prizes. The work is easy and does not
interfere with school duties. Julius
T. Gordon, 108 1/2 Princess street.
no 19-1t

PHOTOGRAPHS — Enlargements,
copying, framing, viewing and fine
photographic work of every descrip-
tion. At the U. C. Ellis Studio.
no 18-1t

THE NEW VULCAN odorless gas
heater will heat the room quickly and
economically. For bed room, bath
room, halls. no 19-3t

EXTRA NICE DRESSED CHICK-
ENS, best of country pig pork, New
River oysters, selected celery, toma-
tatoes, California cucumbers and let-
tuce; Jumbo bananas. Palace Market.
Phones 72 and 653. no 18-1t

DEMONSTRATION OF NORTH-
AM'S "perfect" scissors sharpener at
J. W. Murchison & Co., Friday, No-
vember 19th. One pair scissors sharp-
ened free for each lady visiting the
store on above date. no 17-3t

NORTHAM'S "PERFECT" scissors
sharpener does the work within one
minute and keeps the edge in its
original condition. Free demonstra-
tion Friday, November 19th, at J. W.
Murchison & Co.'s. Simple device, no
machinery. Agents wanted in every
town and city in United States. Ad-
dress Northam & Sons, Wilmington, N.
C., P. O. Box 296. no 17-3t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished
rooms, convenient to bath, hot and
cold water, electric lights, phone,
pleasant location, centrally located.
Terms reasonable. To gentlemen on-
ly. Box 469. no 17-6t

BOARD—Good accommodations,
modern conveniences, convenient to
business. For rates call at 225 Mar-
ket street. no 16-3t

FINE LOBSTERS broiled on toast
with hot butter. Junction Restaurant,
105 Princess street. no 11-1t

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN to
make room, Eclipse newspaper fold-
ing machine, also lot of type cases
and stands. Address Wilmington Star
Co., Wilmington, N. C. oc 12-1t

NEW DWELLING FOR RENT—
Modern and commodious home just
completed at Sixth and Nun streets.
Eight rooms, convenient. Grand
lithic sidewalks to be laid at once.
B. F. King. nov. 17-1t

SHIP ME your eggs, poultry, hams,
hides, beeswax and any kind of pro-
duce. I will pay highest market price
and make prompt returns. N. C.
hams a specialty. C. B. Bellois, 16
North Second street. Phone 1578.
oc 31-1t

Be SURE to bring just one pair dull
scissors Friday, 19th, to the Rest and
free at J. W. Murchison and Co.'s.
within one minute by Northam's "per-
fect" scissors sharpener. no 17-3t

NOTARY PUBLIC—Public stenog-
rapher. Expert work of any kind, any-
where, any time. Messrs. Harris,
114 Princess street. Phone 708.
su 4 su we 21 1t

IF YOU WANT to buy a home, a
piece of real estate as an investment,
or start the habit of saving, remem-
ber and take stock in the People's
Building & Loan Association, Decem-
ber 4th. Shares cost 25 cents each
a week and at maturity are worth \$100.
You don't miss 25c a week, but \$100
for every share means a lot. Now,
about a home. The People's Associa-
tion will pay most of the money for
you and you cut and the Rest sharp-
en them in easy weekly installments
for it. If they buy property for you
as an investment the rents of the
house will in most cases pay the B.
& L. dues. Talk it over with some of
the directors. You know them: Offi-
cers, Wm. F. Robertson, president;
Geo. H. Heyer, vice president; Wm.
Kellum, attorney; D. R. Foster,
secretary and treasurer; directors, J.
A. Springer, J. W. H. Fuchs, A. H.
Harris, Owen Martindale, Robert
Scott, E. P. H. Strunk, D. McEach-
ern, W. L. Burkholder, E. P. Bailey,
A. Allgood, T. R. Orrell. Office 206
Princess street. no 4-1t

WANTED—Man stenographer. Ap-
ply immediately P. O. Box No. 237,
City. no 11-1t

EITHER ONE OR TWO gentlemen
can secure large comfortable room
with modern conveniences; centrally
located, by addressing "W. A. R." care
Star. no 11-1t

LITTLE WILLIE HONESTY has
put me wise, so I will put you like-
wise. Have you noticed the differ-
ence in the Wilmington, N. C. market
on hides, raw furs, tallow, beeswax
and wool since the little office at 212
Market street, has been buying these
goods. You go or ship them once and
you will go and ship again. If you
deals are appreciated. We handle
all kinds of country produce to good
advantage also. C. D. Gilbert & Bro.,
212 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.
oc 24-1t

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Mr. Valan-
di, the Sultana agent here, has arrang-
ed to have this oil distributed in the
future by Hall's drug store, Fifth and
Castle. Pints 50c, Quarts \$1.00. Phone
orders filled promptly. no 4-1t

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY HOME
near city, on macadamized road, for
sale. Smith & Lord, Agents. Phone
766, 120 Princess street. no 11-1t

SEND YOUR FILMS to the Gem
Studio, 114 Market street. Any size
film developed, ten cents. Any size
picture finished for five cents. Titmas
& Foltz, props. fe 17-1t

SPECIAL OFFER—Six half cabinet
photographs and one platinum finish
enlargement, for one dollar. Best val-
ue ever offered. Titmas & Foltz,
Props. The Gem Studio, 114 Market
street, Wilmington, N. C. fe 17-1t

ST. JOHN'S LODGE NO. 1.

A. F. & A. M.
Emergent Communi-
cation this (Friday)
evening at 8 o'clock,
for the purpose of
conferring the FEL-
LOW-CRAFT degree.
All affiliated Master
Masons are cordially invited to meet
with us.
By order of the W. M.
A. S. HOLDEN,
Secretary.

no 19 1t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Southern National Bank, at Wil-
mington, N. C., at the close of business, No-
vember 16, 1909.

RESOURCES.
Loans and Discounts . . . \$1,188,774.72
Overdrafts, secured and
unsecured 2,181.36
U. S. Bonds to secure cir-
culation 200,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure U.
S. Deposits 1,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc . . . 17,375.27
Banking house, Furniture,
and Fixtures 5,000.00
Other Real Estate owned . . none
Due from National Banks
(not reserve agents) . . . 362,662.90
Due from State and Private
Banks and Bankers, Trust companies,
and Savings Banks . . . 205,884.84
Due from approved Re-
serve Agents 119,950.55
Checks and other Cash
Items 6,251.22
Notes of other National
Banks 8,600.00
Fractional Paper Curren-
cy, Nickels, and Cents . . 188.41
Specie \$15,400.00
Legal tender
notes 70,000.00
Redemption fund with U.
S. Treasurer (5 per cent
of circulation) 6,950.00
Total \$2,209,719.27

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in . . . \$ 200,000.00
Surplus fund 100,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Ex-
penses and Taxes paid . . 49,168.92
National Bank Notes out-
standing 200,000.00
Due to other
National
Banks \$417,815.23
Due to State
and Private
Banks and
Bankers 726,014.49
Due to Trust
Companies &
Savings
Banks 26,922.42
Due to ap-
proved Reserve
Agents 13,491.67
Individual De-
posits sub-
ject to check . . . 464,023.21
Demand Certi-
ficates of De-
posit none
Time Certi-
ficates of De-
posit none
Cashier's
Checks out-
standing 11,283.33
United States
Deposits 1,000.00
Bonds Borrowed none
Notes and Bills redis-
counted none
Bills payable, including
Certificates of Depos-
it for money borrowed . . none

no 19 1t

ACADEMY

SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
TUESDAY NIGHT, NOVEMBER 23rd.
First Appearance in Wilmington of

RICHARD CARLE.
In the Merry Musical Gambol:
"MARY'S LAMB."

A Large and Great Star Cast.
Seats on sale at the Crystal Palace
Monday. Prices 75 cents, \$1.00, \$1.50
and \$2.00.
no 19 fri sa tu 3t

Correct Attest:
J. A. TAYLOR,
JOHN HARRINGDALE,
J. H. REHDER, Directors.

no 19 1t

STATEMENT OF CONDITION
of the Atlantic Trust and Banking
Co., of Wilmington, N. C., at the close
of business November 16th 1909.

RESOURCES.
Loans \$725,529.12
Demand Loans 42,492.00
Furniture and Fixtures . . . 100.00
Cash Items 37.68
Gold Coin 515.00
Silver Coin 518.39
Nat. Bank and U. S. Notes . . 2,062.00
Due from banks 48,876.15
Total \$820,070.34

LIABILITIES.
Deposits \$615,747.35
Demand Certificates 101,630.81
Capital Stock 50,000.00
Accrued Interest due de-
positors 4,300.00
Undivided Profits 48,392.18
Total \$820,070.34

I, Milton Calder, Cashier of the At-
lantic Trust and Banking Co., do sol-
emnly swear that the above statement
is true, to the best of my knowledge
and belief.
MILTON CALDER, Cashier.
State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover.

Sworn to and subscribed before me,
this 18th day of November 1909.
W. F. GILBERT,
Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
J. A. TAYLOR,
JOHN HARRINGDALE,
J. H. REHDER, Directors.

no 19 1t

Fresh
Corned
Mulletts

9800 lbs. Large Mulletts.
6450 lbs. Medium Mulletts.
8725 lbs. Small Mulletts.
8100 lbs. Fancy Head Rice.
9700 Japan Head Rice.
7700 lbs. Broken Rice.
6400 lbs. Screenings.
311 bags Wheat Middlings.
219 bags Wheat Bran.
181 bags Corno Mule Feed.
189 bags Corno Hen Feed.
213 bbls Sugar.

W. B. COOPER
Importer and Jobber.

no 14-1t

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF
The Murchison National Bank, of Wil-
mington, N. C., at the close of busi-
ness, November 16th 1909.

RESOURCES.
Loans and Discounts . . . \$4,060,523.59
Overdrafts, secured and
unsecured 11,118.89
U. S. Bonds to secure cir-
culation 550,000.00
U. S. Bonds to secure U.
S. Deposits 1,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc . . . 170,420.50
Banking house 25,000.00
Due from National Banks
(not reserve agents) . . . 563,912.28
Due from State and Private
Banks and Bankers,
Trust Companies,
and Savings Banks . . . 406,943.13
Due from approved Re-
serve Agents 159,047.09
Notes of other National
Banks 36,500.00
Fractional paper Curren-
cy, Nickels, and Cents . . . 297.92
Specie \$33,000.00
Legal tender
notes 195,000.00
Redemption fund with U.
S. Treasurer (5 per cent
of circulation) 13,649.00
Total \$6,226,412.40

LIABILITIES.
Capital stock paid in . . . \$ 550,000.00
Surplus fund 300,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Ex-
penses and Taxes paid . . 51,423.93
National Bank Notes out-
standing 550,000.00
Due to other
National
Banks \$855,682.77
Due to State
and Private
Banks and
Bankers 1,980,986.22
Dividends un-
paid 625.00
Individual De-
posits sub-
ject to check . . . 1,833,914.24
Certified
Checks 433.04
Cashier's
Checks out-
standing 2,347.20
United States
Deposits 1,000.00
Liabilities other than
those above stated U.
S. Bonds etc 100,000.00
Total \$6,226,412.40

State of North Carolina,
County of New Hanover,
I, Charles S. Grainger, Cashier of
the above-named bank, do solemnly
swear that the above statement is true
to the best of my knowledge and be-
lieve.
CHARLES S. GRAINGER,
Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 18th day of November, 1909.
F. W. DICK,
Notary Public.

Correct Attest:
M. J. CORBETT,
C. W. YATES,
WILLIAM CALDER,
Directors.

no 19 1t

A Check Account

at this bank will help
you to accumulate

More Money

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

WILMINGTON, N. C.

American Steel & Wire

ROYAL FIELD
WIRE FENCING

The best on the market. Have
now in stock, ready for delivery,

3,100 RODS
26 TO 48 INCHES HIGH

Both 6 and